The Columbian.

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PRINTING THE BALLOTS.

The contract for printing the ballots for the coming election has been awarded to the COLUMBIAN at $6.50 per thousand for official, and $4.50 for specimens. This is 50 cents less per thousand than was paid last year, but the commissioners now furnish copy for the tickets just as they are to be printed, whereas heretofore the printer has had to copy them off from the papers filed in the commissioners' office. When the time of the clerk and commissioners is considered in making out the forms there will be no great saving to the county. There are to be 10615 official ballots and 1400 specimens. This is the least number that has ever been printed. The law requires that there shall be 75 ballots for every 50 voters or fraction of 50. This would make about 15000 officials, besides the specimen. This number has been found to be excessive by experience, and has been gradually cut down. The number of specimens ordered allows only an average of 30 to a district. Whether this is enough remains to be seen.

The *Daily* of the 3rd inst. in speaking of business before the commissioners, says:

"The greater portion of the day was taken up preparing the election ballots for the printers. The old board put this duty on the printer and left it substantially to his discretion how the ballots should be arranged, and where mistakes were made the county paid the bill for the correction."

As we have printed all the ballots since the Baker law was passed, we cannot let this statement as to the printers' mistakes go uncorrected. The form of the ballots has not been left to the "discretion of the printer," but proofs have uniformly been submitted to the commissioners for their approval. Very few mistakes have occurred, and when they were the mistakes of the printer they were corrected at our expense. The county never paid one dollar for correcting our errors.

The only extra payment for tickets was in February 1894, when the Berwick ballots were reprinted by order of the commissioners, after we had completed them according to the form approved by the board. Some objection was made to the form, and they were ordered reprinted. In 1895 the tickets for the districts embraced in Bloom Poor District were reprinted by order of the commissioners. At that time hardly two people could be found who would agree on the same form of ballot, and after careful examination the commissioners decided upon a form. After they were all done, a change of form was agreed upon by the county chairmen of the two parties, and the commissioners, and they were ordered reprinted, so that, as stated before, the county has never paid anything for the printers' mistakes.

STUDENTS ONLY ADMITTED.

A regulation has been adopted by the Faculty of the Normal School forbidding the attendance of any but regular attendants of the school at the Saturday evening literary exercises. It is said that this action was necessary owing to the fact that about 200 children from town and a number of grown paople, were so disorderly as to disturb the meetings. Under these circumstances the action of the faculty is right. Those who wish to enjoy the advantages of the school should not abuse the privilege.

An investigation made by the Senate as to the origin of the fire that destroyed the state capitol, seems to indicate that it started from the fire in the open grate in the Lieutenant Governor's room, in some way getting down through the hearth among the timbers beneath. The testimony developed the fact that no precautions against fire had been adopted, no fire brigade was ever organized among the employees, and little if any extinguishing material was kept about the buildings.

The Bloomsburg Council of the Royal Arcanum will hold a public meeting on the evening of the 24th inst, when addresses will be made by Grand Regent Leisenring, and Grand Orator Weiss. Arrangements are being made to make it an interesting occasion. This is an excellent order and gives cheap and safe life insurance, as well as the benefits of a social fraternity.

Prothonotary Henrie is the father of an entirely new son, who arrived in Catawissa on Sunday.

COUNCIL PROCEEDINGS.

A meeting of Town Council was held on Thursday evening.

President W. O. Holmes and all the members Thomas Gorrey, Charles Kunkle, E. A. Rawlings, F. J. Richard, W. R. Kocher and W. D. Brobst were present.

A permit to build a two story house on north side of east Fifth street was granted to C. C. Peacock.

Messrs. Kocher, Richard and Kunkle, members of the Finance Committee, submitted the following in the case of Dr. J. R. Evans against the Town of Bloomsburg. The amount claimed by Dr. J. R. Evans was $1741.25 for 16½ feet of ground, shade trees, grape vines, berry vines, fruit trees, coal house, &c., destroyed in opening Jefferson street. In order to compromise the matter we suggest that the Town pay to Dr. Evans $800 and for this amount he will release the Town of all claims to date.

Brobst and Rawlings moved that the report be accepted. Carried unanimously. Same to be submitted to the Solicitor for proper preparation.

Notice from Board of Health was received notifying Council that Isaiah Hagenbuch has been elected Health Officer of the Town of Bloomsburg at a salary of $10 per month. Same received and filed.

In the matter of opening Scott's alley through land owned by W. L. Demaree the latter made the following proposition: "I will give the Town an alley same width as present alley for $350 and the balance of the land east of the alley about fourteen feet more or less for $100 providing the Town accepts the latter within three years."

On motion of Kocher and Richard Mr. Demaree's proposition was accepted without a dissenting voice.

Town Treasurer Yost sent in a request that the Town furnish him with sufficient money to pay the interest now due on Town bonds. After a short discussion, on motion of Gorrey, duly seconded by Richard and unanimously carried, the President was authorized to negotiate a loan of $1000 for thirty days for the purpose of paying the coupons now due on bonds, and that the Treasurer be instructed to retain the license money soon to be paid the Town, to pay off said loan of $1,000.

Bills were presented, read and the Secretary directed to issue orders for the same as follows;

Bloom Store Co., goods for B. F. Taylor, ordered by board of health	$ 9 65
O. B. Mellick, cement and team work at corner Iron and Second	17 70
Paragon Plaster and Supply Co. for plaster at corner Iron and Second streets	11 05
Moyer Bros., 2 bottles chloride	1 00
Steam Co., three months steam at Town Hall	93 81
Water Co., 57 hydrants	89 17
Arlington Shultz, police, 2 arrests	1 00
F. Drake, police, 3 arrests	1 50
I. Hagenbuch, Health Officer, two months salary	20 00
P. H. Freeze, 21 days work	25 00
J. C. Brown, publishing ordinances and printing slips	11 50
J. C. Brown, printing Order Book	7 50
Creasy & Wells, lumber	44 74
Harman & Hassert, material, coal, repairs &c	40 43
Policemen Knorr and Culp	80 00
Secretary Ringler	20 00

An order was also directed to be drawn in favor of Dr. Evans for $800 and given him as soon as all proper releases are filed.

Adjourned.

The question of an increase of the bonded indebtedness of the town will not be voted on at the election next Tuesday, for the reason that the ordinance was not adopted in time for thirty days publication previous to the election, as provided by law. The resolution to put this question to a vote of the people was adopted by the Council on January 21st which would give it but twenty-six days publication, hence the tax-payers will not vote on this subject until a special election is held.

William T. Creasy assumed the position of editor of the "Sentinel" last week. He possesses ability, is a strong Democrat, and a gentleman, who, we believe, will not stoop to personal journalism. He delivered his salutatory last week, and on the adjournment of the Legislature he will be actively connected with that paper. We welcome him to the editorial fraternity, and wish him success in his new field.

WIND STORM.

COMBINED WITH HEAVY RAIN, CAUSES SOME DESTRUCTION.

A very severe rain and wind storm swept over this town Saturday afternoon and evening and caused considerable damage. The Furniture Factory suffered to the extent of about one hundred dollars, by reason of some of the roof being torn off and the stack blown down.

The fences at the fair ground were blown down, and the main exhibition building was completely unroofed

The Car Company had some damage done to their roofs.

The skylights at the Carpet Mill were broken, and some roof wrecked. The loss will probably be about $900.

The stack at the Steam Company was broken, and some other damage done.

Two large trees were uprooted at Oak Grove.

Many glass were broken at J. L. Dillon's green houses.

Many dwelling houses were caught by the wind and slightly damaged in the way of window glass being broken.

BASKET BALL.

The finest game of basket ball ever played in this town took place in the Normal gymnasium on Friday night last, when the University of Pennsylvania lost a close and hotly contested game by the score of 11 to 10. The attendance at the game was very large, a good many people from other towns being present.

The game was somewhat delayed at the start, owing to the fact that manager Albott, of the visitors objected to Worthington's playing, claiming that he was a professional, but they finally came to terms, and the game, started with Worthington in his position. The Normal boys started in with a dash, for in 30 seconds from the time the game was started, they threw two baskets, and for a while the noise was deafening. These two baskets, practically won the game, as the visitors braced up, and when time was called at the conclusion of the first half, the score was a tie—7—7.

In the second halt, the Normal boys kept up the good, and after a half minute of fast work Young made a very good play, throwing a basket from the forty-foot line.

The passing of the ball was one of the features of the Normal team's play, and it being done as it was, so accurately, made the exhibition a very pretty one to witness.

For Pennsy, the work of Milligan, was exceptionally fine.

The men lined up as follows:

PENNA.		NORMAL.
DeLaffre	attack	Moore.
Milligan	attack	Detwiler.
Shrack	centre	Young.
Stewart	defense	Harrar.
Buckley	defense	Worthington

Goals from field, Moore 2; Detwiler 3; Young 1; Milligan 3; DeLoffre 1. Goals from fouls, Moore 1, Milligan 2. Time, 2 twenty minute halves. Umpire, Abbott, N. of P. Referee, Dr. Van Horn. Timer C. B. Lutz.

Mrs. A. H. Dreisbach died at the home of her daughter, Mrs. J. D. Shaffer, on Friday morning at four o'clock, aged fifty six years. Her health had been failing for some time past. Her husband, G. W. Dreisbach, died some years ago, and Mrs. Shaffer is the only surviving member of the family. The funeral was held at the house on Monday afternoon at two o'clock. conducted by Rev. I. M. Patterson.

Mrs. John Zaner, of Fishingcreek, died last Thursday night, aged over seventy years. Her husband and nine children survive her. The funeral took place on Monday morning, Rev. A. H. Houtz conducting the services at the house, and Rev. E. A. Sharretts at the church. A large concourse of friends followed the remains to the grave.

Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Rishton have issued invitations for a large party to be given at the Club House on Market street, on Thursday, the 18th inst. in honor of Mr. Frank H. Sloan and his bride, of Baltimore. It will no doubt be the leading social event of the season.

"Voluntary man-slaughter" was the verdict returned at Sunbury Tuesday night, against Patrick Boylan, who fatally stabbed Frank Roarly, at Locust Gap, in October last.

J. Howard Patterson, son of Rev. I. M. Patterson, was admitted to the bar last week. He read law in the office of C. G. Barkley, Esq.

Court Proceedings.

W. C. Thomas was appointed constable to attend the election in West Greenwood district at the ensuing election.

A petition was presented to vacate and relay a road in Sugarloaf township near Henry C. Hess'.

A petition was presented for a public road in Fishingcreek township near Thomas J. Coleman's.

In the estate of Jonas Johnson a sale of real estate was ordered for the payment of debts.

Commonwealth vs. Isaac Yocum, surety of the peace. The defendant was sentenced at the last court of quarter sessions to pay the costs of prosecution and give bail in the sum of $100 to keep the peace toward all citizens, especially toward Isaac Richard the presecutor. It appearing to the court that the oosts had not been paid a rule was granted to show cause why a bench warrant should not be issued for the payment of same.

Commonwealth vs. Jared Williams. This was a case in which the defendant had been found guilty of desertion. At the time he had a wife and two children and the court sentenced him to pay eight dollars per month for the support of his family. Since the order was made one of his children died and a modification of the order was requested reducing the amount. The court after hearing the allegations of the parties said he would reduce the same and file his order in the Prothonotary's office.

Application for a county bridge over the Hemlock creek in Hemlock township near Buckhorn on the road leading to Frosty Valley, the Grand Jury returned the same as being approved.

At this time the court took occasion to say to the Grand Jury "that his remarks yesterday complaining of apparent slowness of action in the transaction of business, that after an investigation of the facts he found was not their fault. That they had been waiting in their room hours at a time with no bill before them, and even when cases were called for trial on Monday and Tuesday parties were not in attendance with their witnesses. The court assured them that hereafter the District Attorney would be obliged to dispose of the cases when called, and unless legal grounds be shown for the absence of parties and witnesses the cases will be summarily disposed of, and that similar delays shall not hereafter occur."

THE GRAND JURY'S REPORT.

We have examined the public buildings and find the county jail clean and apparently in good condition, except plumbing in three or more cells, water spouting blown or torn away, front doors weather beaten, pointing on walls fallen out, six or more cells not sufficient bedding—also stone walk in front in bad shape. At Court House, in Commissioners office plastering broken on ceiling. In Treasurer's office steam pipe leakage and covering on writing tables worn out. In Sheriff's office floor in very bad shape, unfit paper on side walls. Inquisition tables not in proper shape. In election room now used by county Auditor, renovating needed. Second Court room plastering on ceiling broken. Matting on steps leading to main entrance of Court room torn and in a dangerous condition. Also railing post on same steps broken at base. In conclusion, report to His Honor that we acted upon all matters as quickly as they were brought before us in keeping with our oath and his instructions.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

(Signed) JOHN P. HILL, Foreman

Estate of George Bittner, deceased. Order of sale and report read and confirmed nisi.

Return of inquest in re estate of Adam Utt, deceased. Confirmed nisi.

Wm. Hidlay vs Hurley Angle. Summons. Defendant pleads not guilty. This is a case in which plaintiff claims defendant drove into his rig, whereby he sustained damages and injury. The jury drove over the river Monday afternoon to see where the alleged collision happened.

Auditor's report in estate of Jno. H. Parker confirmed nisi.

Andrew Graydon vs. Franklin Twp. Trespass. Defendant pleads not guilty. The case was brought by the plaintiff, whose horse was frightened by the cars, and went over the bank, whereby the animal was killed, buggy broken, and the Doctor's father injured. It was claimed no guard rail of any account was up along the road. Case settled by giving judgment for the plaintiff in the sum of $350 and costs, including charges of J. C. Brown, engineer.

Helen Swisher vs. James Ritter. Interpleader. Verdict for the plaintiff. Mr. Ritter sold a buggy to Abijah Swisher, who failed to pay for it. Ritter then levied on his personal property to secure his pay, but Mrs. Swisher, the wife, claimed the ownership of all except the buggy, hence the interpleader.

Road in Greenwood, near Heacock's station. Report of viewers continued to next term.

Estate of Caleb Barton, deceased. Grant Herring is appointed Auditor to distribute balance in hands of executors.

Estate of Andrew Fowler deceased. G. M. Quick is appointed Auditor.

Kate Cook vs. Charles Cook. Divorce. W. A. Evert is appointed commissioner to take testimony.

The trial list was gone over and cases not already tried, disposed of as follows:

D. M. Osborne & Co. vs. W. P. Kline. Settled.

Dr. J. R. Evans vs. Town of Bloomsburg. Settled.

School Furniture Co. vs. Bloomsburg Belt Line. Possible settlement.

J. M. Rhone use vs. Chas. Gibbons et al. To be submitted to the Court.

Jacob H. Fritz, administrator, vs. W. A. Kile, et al. Continued on account of sickness of J. W. Kile, a defendant, but not to be continued again for same cause.

Wm. McBride vs. Columbia Co. Continued at cost of defendant.

John K. Young's executors vs. Silas J. Benjamin. Continued by arbitration.

The Leader Co., Limited, vs. Hess Iron Manufacturing Co., two cases, both improperly on the list.

All other cases, except C. W. Hess et al. vs. B. & S. R. R. Co., continued.

W. Holstine vs. Wm. Markle and I. W. Cherrington. Petition to set aside Fi. Fa. Rule granted to show cause. Returnable next term.

Clinton Derr vs. Fannie E. Derr. Subpoena in divorce awarded.

Estate of Joseph P. Davis, deceased. Elisha Ringrose and Harvey Knorr, appointed appraisers.

H. H. Hulme, H. F. Kelchner and B. E. Long appointed viewers for a road in Sugarloaf township, near Henry C. Hess.

C. H. Moore, Sylvester Hutton and Reuben Belles appointed viewers for a road in Fishingcreek.

In the case of Hidlay vs. Angle, the jury rendered a verdict on Wednesday morning for the defendant.

Estate of Michael Fetterolf. Auditor's report confirmed nisi.

In matter of account of M. E. Stackhouse, administrator of estate of Clinton W. Lewis deceased. H. A. McKillip is appointed Auditor to pass upon exceptions and make distribution.

A Pleasant Evening.

The first of a series of receptions to be held by the Woman's Auxiliary of St. Paul's Church, took place on Thursday evening of last week, and was a very pleasant gathering. A silver collection was taken at the door. Light refreshments were served by the ladies, and several musical numbers were given, including vocal solos by Mrs. Elmer Melick and Miss Natalie Foulk, piano solo by Miss Maude Runyon. Mrs. J. L. Richardson recited several pieces and the whole entertainment was delightful. The second of the series will be held this evening and the third next Thursday. These receptions are for everybody who wishes to attend, and all are welcome. The attendance at the first one was not as large as it should have been. The money is used for missionary purposes. The proceeds amounted to nearly eight dollars the first night. A piano has been rented for a month and placed in the Parish House, and is used on these occasions.

Bar Meeting.

There will be a meeting of the Bar Association in the court room on Saturday, 13th inst., at ten o'clock, to consider the report of the Law Library Committee for the years 1894-5-6; also to consider ways and means, and to elect a secretary.

The choir of St. Paul's Church will give a chicken and flannel cake supper in the Parish House on the evening of February 25, from 5 to 9 o'clock. Supper 25 cents. The proceeds will go in the organ fund.

DISAGREEABLE

Conditions are sure to exist at some seasons of the year, and in business as well as in weather. Its not a pleasing fact for us to realize that we are to loose all contemplated profit on our storm overcoats, dress overcoats, and boy's and children's reefers, but they must be pushed out of the house promptly and money realized. Our lines of men's and boy's suits are exceptionally strong in regulars, slims and stouts. Gloves, underwear, sweaters, &c· at absolute cost.

GIDDING & CO.

ONE WOMAN'S WAY.

A HOUSEBOAT INCIDENT.

In July, 1892, I accepted an invitation to spend a week at Pangbourne with the Hewlets on their houseboat.

A pleasanter party was surely never gathered. General and Mrs. Hewletts seemed to concentrate their energies in making young folks happy. The General was, and still is, always surrounded by a bevy of larking subalterns, who swore by him as the prince of good fellows, and to whom he was a real guide, philosopher and friend, getting them out of scrape after scrape, and apparently liking them all the better the more scrapes they got into; while Mrs. Hewlett deservedly holds the proud title of the most inveterate and successful match maker in the world.

It was then and there that I first met Archie Chandos, though I had frequently heard of him. Indeed, most people had at that time heard of him, for he managed by his reckless extravagance to get talked about by people in general, and paragraphed by the society papers in particular.

Some two years before our meeting one of his aunts had died, leaving him a handsome fortune, and he had in some eighteen months or so run through as much money as would have maintained him in comfort for the rest of his life.

Consequently, the last financial state of that young line lieutenant was considerably worse than the first, and within a few months of my first meeting with him a meeting of his creditors had been called, and he had been severely admonished by some gentlemen rejoicing in the rank and style of official receiver.

I must confess I was agreeably surprised on making his acquaintance. I found him a very good-looking, unassuming, gentlemanlike, and straightforward boy, with frank, good-tempered eyes and a winning countenance.

In the morning we fished or punted, and in the afternoon made calls or played lawn tennis in the neighborhood. At 5 o'clock there was always a pleasant tea on the deck of our own or somebody's else boat.

It was supremely pleasant to sit from 9 till about 10 or 11 among the palms and Chinese lanterns, watching the moonlight kissing the placid bosom of the sleeping river. It was pleasanter still when Archie, bringing his deck chair closer to mine, chatted confidentially, as though we had met as many years ago as days.

He had been left early an orphan, and had been brought up under the strict unbending rule of doubtless worthy but bigoted relatives, so that I ceased to wonder that, as soon as he gained his majority and freedom, he plunged into the vortex of the whirlpool men call life.

"You see, I never had a sister," he said, his eyes resting on my face with a strange wistful expression. "I think if my life had been blessed with the influence of a girl like—like some girls I have met, it would have been other than it has been."

From the after-deck drifted the aroma of cigar smoke, the sound of voices—the General's and Archie's. I heard my name mentioned. I am a woman. I listened. Under the circumstances so would a man.

"A capital chance for you, my boy," said the General. "I'm pretty certain she likes you, and she's as good as gold."

"Ah! but she's wealthy," said Archie. "If I had met her before I played the fool with my fortune, it might have been. But for a penniless outcast like me to seek a girl like that! What would the world think? What would she think?"

There was a pause. Then he said abruptly:

"Good night, General. By the by, I must pack up and be off in the morning. I must go up to the horse guards to see about my exchanging into a West Indian regiment, or retiring and receiving the value of my commission."

"And what shall you do after?"

"Don't quite know—cattle ranche in Texas, sheep farm in Queensland, or perhaps Kimberley or Mashonaland."

Next morning I discovered that it was absolutely necessary that I should punt up to Whitchurch Lock. Archie Chandos offered to punt me, but I would not permit him, consenting, however, to take him as a passenger.

"I am going away this afternoon," he said, dreamily gazing at Whitchurch woods up above.

"Indeed!" I said, with an assumed air of profound indifference. "Tired of this quiet kind of life, I suppose?"

He made no answer.

Then suddenly it strangely occurred to me that we were not very far from the houseboat, that the river was not very deep, that I could swim across it without the least difficulty in the world, and that the water could not be very cold, while nothing in the world seemed much more desirable that hot morning than a good ducking.

And just then, strangely enough, my pole slipped, and in half a moment, with a half-scream, I went tumbling into about four feet of water.

He was almost instantly beside me, one arm round me, the other striking out for the opposite shore.

We were in really deep water now, so naturally I, for safety, clasped his neck with one of my arms.

Whatever would Mrs. Grundy have said? Mrs. Gen. Hewlett, when I told her in confidence, said:

"You designing little minx! I like you now better than ever, and I'm sure he'll make one of the best husbands in the world. So much better than his going to Texas."—London Evening News.

Facts in Natural History.

Some curious facts in natural history are that fishes have no eyelids, and necessarily sleep with their eyes open; they swallow their food whole, having no dental machinery furnished them. Frogs, toads and serpents never take food except that which they are satisfied is alive. Serpents are so tenacious of life that they will live for six months or longer without food. The head of a rattlesnake has been known to inflict a fatal wound after being severed from the body.

HOUSEHOLD HINTS.

Pumice stone is one of the best things to use in removing stains of any kind from the hands.

Creaking boots: Stand the boots for twenty-four hours in a pan of salt and water, deep enough to cover the soles.

A sponge large enough to expand and fill the chimney after having been squeezed in, tied to a slender stick, is the best thing with which to clean a lamp chimney.

Here is a point to bear in mind when purchasing poultry: Select that which is "dry picked." Poultry that is scalded before being picked loses much of its flavor and will not keep so well. It may be recognized by the skin, which will be smooth and drawn rather tight over the flesh. The fowl will have a plump appearance because of the contraction of the skin by heat.

In washing anything made of chamois skin use warm water with a little ammonia in it. Wash by rubbing between the fingers, but do not wring the chamois. Press it between the palms of the hands to take out the water, and hang before the fire or in the hot sun to dry quickly, rubbing and pulling the article into proper shape every few moments to prevent the skins drying hard and stiff.

When plants in pots have become frozen, they should be dipped into a pail of cold water so as quite to immerse the leaves, care being taken not to break the brittle leaves. When thawed by the water, they should be placed in a warm room, but not near the fire; they should be watered with a little artificial manure. We cannot vouch for this treatment, but consider it worth a trial.

House Plants.

One of our lady readers, successful with her house plants in the winter season, gives us two points in their management. Every gardener and florist knows the value of what is called "bottom heat." A warm atmosphere—especially if a dry one—is often insufficient to bring about healthy growth, and is sometimes injurious. What is wanted for many kinds of plants and flowers, is most heat at the roots and fibres, where the growth really starts, and from which the stimulus is conveyed to every other part of the plant. A thrifty growth below the ground is sure to be followed by fruit and flowers above. Our lady friend accomplishes this by filling the saucers of her flower-pots with hot water. This is, of course, absorbed, giving the required bottom heat. Unthrifty plants, in addition to this, she places on the mantel-piece over the kitchen range, keeping them, of course, well watered. It supplies heat where it is most wanted—at the roots—and the benefit is marked. In warm rooms the higher temperature is at the top, and the coldest near the floor, where the pots are. This reverses the proper order, giving the roots of a plant the coldest place. Another important matter in house plants is to give them the morning sun. Windows, where flowers are kept, should therefore face the east. The reasons are not known, perhaps, but the fact is patent to all whose business it is to develop healthy growth in plants and flowers, that an hour of morning sun is worth three hours of afternoon sun. Every one observes this, and it may be owing to some increased electrical action at that time.

London's Miserable Women.

General Booth, commenting on the case of an elderly woman who recently poisoned herself rather than enter a workhouse, says he calculates that there are at least 5,000 women in London, above 50 years of age, who have no dwelling save the streets, or wherever they can find a shelter. In the season, says the London Mail, they pick up a living by doing odd jobs about Covent Garden or the other London markets. At other times they wander about the city in the early mornings, gathering out bits of rags from the tubs of refuse that are put out from warehouses for collection by dust carts. They collect from the same receptacles the cast-out tea leaves for another brewing, when they are lucky enough to get a little hot water. Or they eke out their wretched existence by doorstep cleaning and fire-lighting, or occasionally sell watercress and the like. The wandering crowd is made up of broken-down widows, deserted wives and a few of the gaunt survivors of another class. Each goes her own despairing way, but all are united with the one passionate hatred of the workhouse. For such poor creatures the Hanbury street shelter for women is provided, and the Salvation army hopes soon to be able to open a like shelter at the West End.

Use of Glycerine.

So few of us appreciate the many valuable qualities of glycerine, and in how many ways it may be used. In case of thirst in a fever patient a few drops applied to the lips or tongue will allay thirst, and an irritating cough may be allayed by the use of it. For flatulency, take a teaspoonful after each meal. Applied to the shoes, glycerine is a great preservator of the leather and will prevent wet feet by keeping out water. Equal parts of bay rum and glycerine applied to the face after shaving is very soothing and cooling to the skin. A few drops of glycerine put into fruit jars the last thing before sealing will help to keep the preserves from moulding on top. It will prevent the hands from chapping or cure them if they are chapped. Two or three drops will often relieve the pain in a baby's stomach. In short the uses of glycerine are innumerable

The 1830 Skirt Tilt.

In Paris the old practice of holding up the skirt at the side has quite gone out of fashion. Owing to the width of the modern skirt it is necessary to lift it on either side in order to evade the mud, and consequently our belles will shortly adapt the 1830 air, which is so distinctly modest and feminine. Petticoats under dresses so lifted require, therefore, to be more handsome and dainty than the gowns themselves, and many of them are now being elaborately embroidered to prepare for the inevitable demand.

BIG GUNS AND NERVOUS HENS.

Fact and Theory About Chicken Raising Near the Indian Head Proving Ground.

The United States proving ground at Indian Head, on the Potomac below Washington, is in a shallow ravine, half a mile or more wide, and running back for a mile or so from the Government wharf. Outside this depression, as the tale is told by veracious graduates of the Naval Academy who have been stationed at the post, there is a semi-circular belt some ten miles broad where chicken raising is impossible. Within the ravine the ordinary hen of commerce lays eggs, and, if undisturbed in her intentions of domesticity, hatches them with only the usual vicissitudes to which hens and eggs are subject. The sharp, cracking bang of the big guns that are fired at heavy armor plates, day after day, does not disturb the process of incubation within the post.

But the farmers in the adjacent country, north, east and south tell a unanimously mournful tale of "setting" after "setting" of selected eggs that have gone the malodorous way of eggs that are sat upon and not hatched. Not an egg in all the belt, the farmers say, has developed a chicken since the proving ground was established. This failure of the eggs to do their duty is very naturally attributed by the farmers to the firing of the big guns; the rural citizens explain it by saying that the "noise makes the hens nervous."

The officers have worked it out to their own satisfaction that the fecundity of eggs within the depression and the lack of it in those without are due to the length of the heavier sound waves that start from the muzzles of the guns. The first impact of these really big waves, they say, is well outside of the protecting hills about the station. The noise of the guns is far louder, they say, out beyond the hills than it is inside the ravine, with the guns right at hand. Outside where the sound waves bump the earth hardest, they rattle the eggs into unproductivity.

Derivation of "Cocktail."

To the very limited list of English words of Aztec origin "chocolate," "coyote," and one or two others, it seems that there must be added another—the apparently senseless name, "cocktail," of an artful mixture of liquor, bitters, sugar, ice, and lemon rind which, the Chronicler is credibly informed, is sometimes used as a beverage by hardened persons. This is the story of the derivation of the word:

Long before Cortez and his conquistadores had come to trouble the peace of Anahuac, an Aztec noble was blessed with a fair daughter, Xochitl by name, who, by dint of native genius and close study of "The Barkeepers' Guide," attained marvelous proficiency as a compounder of strange and seductive mixed drinks. The Aztec monarch of that day was known to be a connoisseur of this art, and when Xochitl, one day produced a "chef de'oeuvre," a veritable dream of a drink, her father deemed it worthy to be presented to his King, and his daughter deserving of the honor of personally presenting it. The monarch was delighted with compound and compounder. He drank the one with delight and married the other. He decreed that this ambrosial beverage should bear, and so hand down to fame the name of its inventor, Xochitl. The drink of course became the rage in the court and fashionable circles of the capital. The fad spread throughout the empire among people of all ranks and conditions. Everybody drank Xochitl, and its solid merits gave it permanent vogue. The drink and its name survived the Spanish conquest. When, in 1848, Scott's soldiers came to revel in the halls of the Montezumas the United States discovered Xochitl, approved it, and adopted it, and adopted it, anglicizing its name into "cocktail."

The derivation is, at least, ingenious and interesting. That it may be also worth the attention of serious philologists is suggested by the fact that the word "cocktail," as the name of a drink, seems to have first appeared in American and English literature in the early '50s.—Rochester Democrat and Chronicle.

Two Hundred Miles an Hour.

David L. Barnes, the electrical expert of the Baldwin & Westinghouse concern, has ventured to make some remarkable predictions for the electric locomotive recently built by his company.

The locomotive will make 150 miles just as easy as 120 when the track is suitable, said Mr. Barnes to a New York Journal man. The power is all sufficient from the central station, and the apparatus is adapted for any speed up to 200 miles an hour. For higher speed we use slightly larger wheels, less wire on the motors and different gear ratio. The weight of the locomotive is 150,000 pounds; in length it is 37 feet over the pilots. Inside of the locomotive a small space is taken up by a controller at either end, the controller being operated from both ends of the locomotive. It will be some time before the electric locomotive will have a chance to perform its work of revolution in transportation. Millions must be expended before even the most enterprising railroad could be properly equipped for the new express, and the motor-power of the road changed from steam to electricity. Signals are now at points only a mile apart, while with the new electric marvel it will require a clear way of one and a half miles to keep the express. There must be no grade crossings. The track must be elevated.

The Largest Boiler Plate.

The largest steam boiler plate in the world was recently turned out at the Krupp works, in Essen, Germany. Its dimensions are as follows: Length, 39 feet; width, 11 feet; thickness, 1¼ inches; surface, 429 square feet, and weighs 37,600 pounds. Compared with this gigantic steel plate the one recently rolled by the Stockton Malleable Iron Company of England sinks into insignificance. This plate, which was announced by the makers as the largest ever turned out in England, measures Length, 74 feet; width, 5 feet; thickness three-fourths of an inch. Its surface measures nearly 370 square feet and it weighs 12,300 pounds.

A Winter Bath in White River

WHAT CAME OF BREAKING THROUGH THE ICE IN A WISCONSIN RIVER IN FEBRUARY.

From the Chronicle, Chicago, Ill.

Five years ago last winter, there was considerable commotion on the banks of the White River, Wisconsin, as a young man named E. N. Halleck, had broken through the ice, and was for some moments lost to view. It was not long, however, before Mr. Halleck came in sight again, and by artistic means was fished from the fluid and restored to society. If the ducking had been all, it would have been well, but unfortunately, the young gentleman contracted a heavy cold, resulting in chronic rheumatism, complicated with disease of kidney and urinary organs.

"For six months," writes Mr. Halleck, "I was laid up, and not able to do anything. During this time I suffered with pains in the stomach and small of the back, and headache, urination was frequent and painful, my heart's action was increased, and I had aches all over my body, and was generally used up. Then I was able to go out, but was a confirmed invalid, and for nearly four years I was in that condition, and expected then that I should always be disabled for nothing that I took gave me any relief.

"In December, 1895, I read an advertisement about Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and on speaking of it to Mrs. A. E. Derby, she strongly urged that I should take them, as she said she believed they would cure me. I had been under physicians' care for over two years, but as they did me no good I did not ask their advice about taking these pills, but laid in a supply and began to take them. In about ten days I began to experience substantial relief, and continued to take them for four months, by which time I was cured. The first benefit I obtained was a less frequent desire to urinate, and lessening of that dreadful pain in the back, which ceased altogether very soon. My stomach became comfortable, and my heart's action normal. After the first break my recovery was rapid, and to-day I flatter myself I am a sound man, and able to attend to my business better than I ever could before."

(Signed) E. N. HALLECK.

I, E. N. Halleck, do hereby certify, that the foregoing statement signed by me is true.

E. N. HALLECK.

STATE OF ILLINOIS, COOK COUNTY, } ss.

I, John T. Derby, a Notary Public in and for the County and State, do hereby certify that E. N. Halleck, whose name is signed to the foregoing statement, is personally known to me, and that he did in my presence and of his own free will and accord, sign and swear to the same.

(SEAL) JOHN T. DERBY, *Notary Public.*

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills contain in a condensed form all the elements necessary to give new life and richness to the blood and restore shattered nerves. They are also a specific for troubles peculiar to females, such as suppressions, irregularities and all forms of weakness. In men they effect a radical cure in all cases arising from mental worry, overwork or excesses of whatever nature. Pink Pills are sold in boxes (never in loose bulk) at 50c. a box or six boxes for $2.50, and may be had of all druggists, or direct by mail from Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y.

Reduced Rates to Washington on Account of the Inauguration via Pennsylvania Railroad.

For the benefit of those who desire to attend the ceremonies incident to the inauguration of President-elect McKinley, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will sell excursion tickets to Washington March 1, 2, 3, and 4, valid to return from March 4 to 8, at the following rates:—

From Buffalo, $11.20; Rochester, $11.00; Wallington, N. Y., $11.70; Newark, N. Y., $11.20; Canandaigua, $11.00; Penn Yan, $11.00; Watkins, $11.00; Elmira, $10.75; Erie, $11.00; Corry, $10.75; Warren, $10.75; Williamsport, $8.79; Wilkesbarre, $9.40, and from all other stations on the Pennsylvania system at reduced rates.

This inauguration will be a most interesting event, and will undoubtedly attract a large number of people from every section of the country.

The magnificent facilities of the Pennsylvania Railroad make this line the favorite route to the national capital at all times, and its enormous equipment and splendid terminal advantages at Washington make it especially popular on such occasions.

2-11-3t.

All the elements that nature demands to make the hair abundant and beautiful, are supplied by Ayer's Hair Vigor. It keeps the scalp free from dandruff, prevents the hair from becoming dry and harsh, and causes it to be rich, flexible, and glossy.

Women on School Boards.

"Dr. Nathan C. Schaeffer, superintendent of public instruction, is a strong advocate of women on school boards. He says the office of director is one of fitness and if a woman is more fit for the place than man she ought to replace him. On the other side of the Atlantic woman has shown that she is superior to man in her fitness for the office. Dr. Schaeffer believes man is too prone to neglect the comforts of the school house, while on the other hand the woman is more observant of the needs of children. He has the first district to find in Pennsylvania where women are members of the school board that it is possible to talk of the "slaughter of the innocents." He claims it is better to consult women in the curriculm and grading of the school, and if he had his own way he would put several women on each school board in the state. From long experience and careful observation Dr. Schaeffer believes that we are taking a great step forward when we place women on the school board."

For more than a hundred years the Shakers have been studying the remedial properties of plants. They have made many discoveries, but their greatest achievement was made last year. It is a cordial that contains already digested food and is a digester of food. It is effective in removing distress after eating, and creates an appetite for more food so that eating becomes a pleasure. Pale, thin people become plump and healthy under its use. It arrests the wasting of consumption.

There never has been such a step forward in the cure of indigestion as this Shaker Cordial. Your druggist will be glad to give you a little book descriptive of the product.

Give the babies Laxol, which is Castor Oil made as palatable as honey.

Why Thunder Rolls.

The prolonged roll of thunder is readily explained by comparison with a volley fired along a line of troops. Suppose troops to be drawn up in line in such number as to extend for a mile, and ordered, by a signal that all could see, to fire at once. One standing at the end of the line would hear the report of the musket nearest him instantly. He would hear the others successively.

Thus a report 550 feet away would come to him in half a second, and he would not hear the last report for five or six seconds after the gun had been fired. This would produce a sort of roll, which would gradually increase in intensity. Flashes of lightning may be considered as representing three lines of troops along which the explosions occur at the same time. Consider the variety of distance and position of the listener, and we account for the variety of sound in thunder. In mountainous regions the rolling is augmented by reverberations of echoes.—*Cleveland Plain Dealer.*

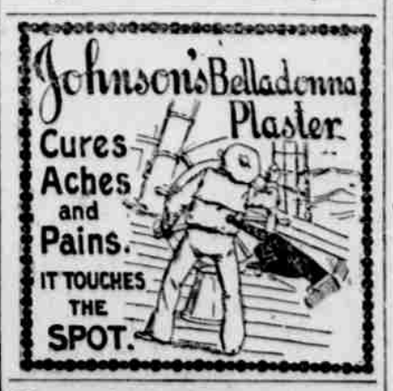
A young man in Lowell, Mass., troubled for years with a constant succession of boils on his neck, was completely cured by taking only three bottles of Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Another result of the treatment was greatly improved digestion with increased avoirdupois.

Pigs Are Fond of Water.

It is generally believed that pigs cannot swim, but a Burlington (N. J.) man knows better. He owns a small island, and one day, while looking over his stock, became aware that some of his pigs were missing. In searching for them he came to the beach, and there was surprised to find a dozen of them swimming. He tried in various ways to coax them to shore, but in vain. They were evidently enjoying themselves, and did not come out until they were ready. Some time later there were some little pigs born, and before they were a week old they were taken for a swim by their elders, who had become so fond of the sport that they visited the beach daily.

A State contemporary asks: "Have we a Democratic party?" In answer, it is said that we have, and, in due time, it will rise up like an overshadowing host, as it has repeatedly done in the past, and sweep all opposition before it. Just at present, however, a more pertinent question in Pennsylvania would be, "Have we a Republican party?" It is known that we have a Quay party, but there is no evidence of the existence of a Republican party.

Don't dally with rheumatism. Purify your blood and cure it at once by taking a course of Hood's Sarsaparilla.



Wanted—An Idea Who can think of some simple thing to patent? Protect your ideas; they may bring you wealth. Write JOHN WEDDERBURN & CO., Patent Attorneys, Washington, D. C., for their $1,800 prize offer and list of two hundred inventions wanted

Fine PHOTOGRAPHS and CRAYONS at McKillip Bros., Bloomsburg. The best are the cheapest.

THE MARKETS.

BLOOMSBURG MARKETS.

CORRECTED WEEKLY. RETAIL PRICES.

Butter per lb	$	.22
Eggs per dozen		.18
Lard per lb		.08
Ham per pound		.13
Pork, whole, per pound		.06
Beef, quarter, per pound		.07
Wheat per bushel		1.20
Oats " "		30
Rye " "		.50
Wheat flour per bbl		5.20
Hay per ton		12 to $14
Potatoes per bushel,		.35
Turnips " "		.25
Onions " "		.50
Sweet potatoes per peck		.20
Tallow per lb		.4½
Shoulder " "		.10
Side meat " "		.10
Vinegar, per qt		.07
Dried apples per lb		.05
Dried cherries, pitted		.12
Raspberries		.12
Cow Hides per lb		.3½
Steer " " "		.05
Calf Skin		.80
Sheep pelts		.75
Shelled corn per bus		.50
Corn meal, cwt		1.50
Bran, "		.90
Chop "		1.00
Middlings "		.90
Chickens per lb new		.10
" " " old		.08
Turkeys " "		.12½
Geese " "		.10
Ducks " "		.08

COAL.

No. 6, delivered	2.60
" 4 and 5 "	3.85
" 6 at yard	2.35
" 4 and 5 at yard	3.60

The Leading Conservatory of America
CARL FAELTEN, Director.
Founded in 1853 by E. Tourjée.
NEW ENGLAND CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC. BOSTON, MASS.
FRANKLIN SQ.
Send for Prospectus giving full information.
FRANK W. HALE, General Manager.

NEW DINING ROOMS.

A LARGE and well furnished dining room has been opened by HARRY AURAND, restaurant. Meals will be served at the regular dining hours for 25c. and they can also be obtained at any time. The table will be supplied with the delicacies of the season and the service will be first-class.

Entrance by door between Restaurant and Malfalera's grocery store.

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PARKER'S GINGER TONIC
cures Lung Troubles, Debility, distressing stomach and female ills, and is noted for making cures when all other treatment fails. Every mother and invalid should have it.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM
Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c. and $1.00 at Druggists

HINDERCORNS The only sure Cure for Corns. Stops all pain. Makes walking easy. 15c. at Druggists. 1-21-4t.d.

EPP'S COCOA
GRATEFUL COMFORTING
Distinguished Everywhere for Delicacy of Flavor, Superior Quality, and Nutritive Properties. Specially grateful and comforting to the nervous and dyspeptic.
Your Grocer and Druggist sell it. In Half-Pound Tins only. Prepared by JAMES EPPS & CO., Ltd., Homœopathic Chemists, London, England.
BREAKFAST SUPPER
EPP'S COCOA

FACTS WORTH KNOWING.

The common pond frog's natural life is twelve to fifteen years.

Last year's mustard crop in California amounted to to 16,000,000 pounds.

The common house sparrow flies at the rate of ninety-two miles per hour.

The crow flies twenty-five miles an hour and the pigeon hawk 150 miles.

Massachusetts annually imports from beyond her border eggs to the value of $5,000,000.

The English clergy are complaining vigorously about the increase of Sunday weddings.

More English women are married to Germans than to members of any other foreign nation.

Bowling, billiards and card playing are unlawful in Michigan, according to some dead letter statutes.

There are 14,640 persons connected with the Maine fisheries and the total number of vessels employed is 512.

Maine paper mills are regularly shipping paper to Australia, with freight at only one quarter cent a pound.

The name Agag, mentioned in Jewish history as that of an Amalekite king was used in common by all sovereigns of that country.

The most ancient copper mines in the world are those of the Sinai Peninsula, near the Gulf of Suez. They were abandoned 3,000 years ago, after having been worked for some hundreds of years. The process used in the reduction of the ore is said to be similar in principle to that used at the present time.

A Cheerful Prospect.

A nervous young minister was filling the pulpit for a country charge that was without a regular pastor. A part of his experience is touchingly related by the local paper. The very pious old lady at whose house he staid, in showing him his room, said:

"It ain't everybody I'd put in this room. This here room is full of sacred associations to me," She went on. "My first husband died in that bed, with his head on three pillows, and poor Mr. Jenks died sittin in that corner. Sometimes when I come into the room in the dark I think I see him sittin there still. My own father died lyin right on that lounge right under the window there. Poor pa, he was a spiritualist, and he allus said he'd appear in this room after he died, and sometimes I am foolish enough to look for him. If you should see anything of him to-night, you'd better not tell me. It'd be a sign to me that there was somethin in spiritualism, and I'd hate to think that. My son by my first man fell dead of heart disease right where you stand. He was a doctor, and there's two whole skeletons in that closet there belongin to him, and half a dozen skulls in that lower drawer. If you are up early and want somethin to amuse yourself before breakfast, just open that cupboard there, and you will find a lot of dead men's bones. My poor boy thought a lot of them. Well, good night, and pleasant dreams!"—*Pittsburg Chronicle Telegraph.*

Near Houtzdale there resides a family who have a little child 7 years of age that is no larger than an ordinary five month baby. The child is indeed a pitiable sight to behold, as it sits in a little box and wildly stares at the ceiling. When the poor unfortunate tot was but a few month old its parents had it vaccinated and shortly after blood poisoning set in, from which time it it has never grown a particle. The child is an imbecile and has never shown a particle of reason, or uttered a sound all on account of the vile practice of vaccination.

The morning glory has long been regarded as an emblem of coquetry. One floral dictionary declares that this symbolism is derived from the extremely transient nature of the flowers. They bloom about sunrise and in two or three hours have perished.

$100 Reward $100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment, Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers, that they offer One Hundren Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address, F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best. 1m.

THEATRICAL GOSSIP.

THE CRY AGAINST THE THEATER HAT BECOMING PEREMPTORY.

Melba's Experiences With Ambitious Women and Other Troublesome Visitors—Mlle. Yvette Guilbert's Retirement from the Concert Stage.

The crusadie against the theatre hat is becoming something more than a joke. Chicago now has an ordinance fining every woman who wears her hat in a theatre, $3, and while it does not seem to be very strictly enforced, the audiences, especially in the galleries, have taken up the cry and make every woman in the parquet take off her hat when she takes her seat. The Colorado Legislature is considering a bill imposing a penalty of $10 for the offence, and similar action is being taken by the City Council of Des Moines, Iowa. But what shall be thought of women who persist in wearing their hats after all these plain intimations that the practice is offensive?—Philadelphia Ledger.

MME. MELBA.

"If I gave audience to all the ambitious women, admirers and advertising agents who call upon me in the course of a day, my life would be a burden to me." said Mme Melba, when asked regarding her visitors. "They usually begin coming about nine o'clock in the morning, although I seldom rise before twelve when I sing at the opera. In the list are women who have thrown flowers to me on the previous night, and who think that that act entitles them to some favor in return from me—my photograph, my autograph, or some little acknowledgement of the gift; then come the agents for new summer drinks and patent medicines, who think that the use of my name will start them on the road to fortune, and women in society and out of it who think that I shall be flattered by their acquaintance without introduction. I try as far as possible to answer all requests for my autograph, especially when girls write me from far off cities, but the army of callers must be treated with some sort of coldness of they would prevent me from eating or sleeping."

The Soir, in an interview with Mme. Adelina Patti, states, says the Herald, that the celebrated singer has received an offer from the manager of one of the large theatres to create in Paris the new work of a young composer. Mme. Patti will soon come a definite decision on the subject. She intends to stop in Nice and Monte Carlo until March. She will create there the "Dolores" of M. Andre Pollonias. After this her movements are uncertain. Mme. Patti received an offer to appear for the season at the Covent Garden Theatre, but she refused it, the strain of these performances being too great for her. She has also received several offers to appear in America, but she considers that continent too far away, notwithstanding the great attraction it has for her.

Mlle. Yvette Guilbert is going to retire from the concert stage at the close of her present engagement for the purpose of preparing to star at the head of a company of her own in the legitimate drama. She has signed a contract to appear under the management of Dr. Schiller, of New York. Speaking of her plans, Mlle. Guilbert said: "It may interest the public to know that I shall return to this country again, but not as a singer. While I have some contracts yet to fill abroad, I shall organize a company in the meantime and will prepare for my appearance on the legitimate stage as you call it here. I shall appear, of course, in France, then in London, and come then for an extended tour in America. Whether Mlle. Guilbert's dramatic performance will be in English or French has not yet been decided. It is one of the subjects that will be decided by Dr. Schiller and her later when they meet in Paris. At present Mlle. Guilbert's idea is that in France she should give performances in the language of that country, while in England and America it would be more popular to have the play in English.

The objects of the Institute are partly religious, but not sectarian, and the religious element is not insisted on. The chief effort is to assist the poor young woman and children of the stage, and to help them to get other situations if they care to leave the stage. There are sleeping-rooms and dining-rooms and recitation-rooms and resting-rooms. The last named are for any genuine actresses who care to use them. Sleeping-rooms are let at 2s. 6d a week, and there is an average of over twenty lodgers a night. The prices of meals are in proportion. Breakfast and tea are served at 4½d. each, and dinner for 6d. There is also a small library. A play-room is provided for the children, who come in considerable numbers in the pantomime time. ROSE FANCHON.

NEW YORK LETTER.

The decision rendered by the Court of Appeals in the Fayerweather will case, while ending one chapter in the history of the celebrated case, does not end the litigation, as action has been commenced to test the standing of the fourth codicil of the will, and this may prolong the fight over the dead merchant's millions for another five years. The Court of Appeals' decision is that the twenty colleges mentioned in the will are entitled to the residuary estate, amounting to $3,000,000. The residuary estate was left in secret trust to J. L. Bulkeley, Thomas F. Ritch and H. B. Vaughn, who selected 34 colleges and charitable institutions among which to divide this estate. Only seven of the 20 colleges mentioned in the will were in their list, and yet the Court holds that the executors were under an equitable obligation to dispose of the residuary estate in accordance with his wishes as communicated to them. The decision benefits these educational institutions: Amherst, Bowdoin, Dartmouth, Williams, Yale, Columbia, Hamilton, Lafayette, Lincoln, Maryville, Marietta, Adelbert, Wabash, Park, the Wesleyan University, the Universities of Rochester, Cornell, Virginia and Hampton, and the Union Theological Seminary, but deprives 27 other institutions of large sums they would otherwise have received. Mr. Fayerweather died November, 1890, and his will has for six years been in dispute. No other will case except the Tilden has been so important in its consequences to the public, as both wills bequeathed the bulk of the estates to public uses. Mrs. Fayerweather and the few relatives of the deceased at first contested the will, but afterwards compromised with the executors, receiving considerably larger sums than the will allotted to them. Now it is alleged that when they signed the releases they knew nothing of the secret discretionary trust imposed in the executors. The law of 1860 provides that no one leaving a wife, a child or a parent can bequeath more than one-half of his estate to charity. Counting in the residuary estate, which is to go to the twenty colleges, far more than one-half of the Fayerweather estate, in fact almost all of it, goes to charity.

The Greater New York Commission has decided to increase the term of the Mayor under the new charter from two to four years. Mayor Strong is serving a term of three years, but that is caused by the necessity of changing the time of the municipal elections to years when there is no State of National election. The adoption of the four-year term, in connection with the immense powers given to the office under the new charter, will make the Mayor of Greater New York the most powerful executive officer in the United States next to the President, and perhaps two or three Governors. No other Mayor in the world will have an authority equal to his. The Lord Mayor of London is a figurehead—a ceremonial official. The Mayor of New York will have sole power of appointment in the government of a city of over 3,000,000 inhabitants. He will have for six months the power of removal. He will have a veto over the acts of the Municipal Assembly that will practically be absolute. The idea of lengthening the term to four years was urged in a public hearing by ex-Mayor Schieren, of Brooklyn, who argued that two years only served to make a Mayor acquainted with the needs of the city and the best methods of meeting them, and then he is compelled to retire. With a term equal to that of the President, and with an authority which, within a narrower territory, will be greater than even that of the President, the Mayor of the world's second city will possess a dignity and honor which ought to insure the filling of the office by a man of the best ability and character. That is evidently the idea of the charter makers.

The New York correspondent of the Philadelphia Ledger writes his paper: Henry George, who received four votes for Senator in the joint session of the Legislature to-day, was an ardent supporter of Bryan, but his chief contribution to the Bryan campaign was a series of extraordinary prophecies as to the way the different doubtful states would vote. Every one of these prophecies proved false, and yet Mr. George was sincere. He believed in them. He even thought New York would give Bryan 100,000 plurality. Mr. George, as the inventor and defender of the single tax theory, is something of a success, but as a political correspondent he was a failure. Yet he unquestionably has a large following in this city, and the free silver men in the Legislature, who could not be forced into voting for Hill, cast their ballots for George. This is understood to mean the starting of another movement in favor of Henry George for Mayor of Greater New York. It will be remembered that he ran for Mayor in 1886, and astonished everybody by polling 68,000 votes.

At the annual dinner of the Medico-Legal Society, Recorder Goff indulged in the bitter denunciation of medical expert testimony which has become so common, and in the course of his speech made the remarkable statement that experts "frequently attempt to justify their frequently false testimony by saying that they follow the same course that lawyers take."

CYRUS THORP.

A North Sea codfisher carries a set of lines 7,200 fathoms in length, and having the amazing number of 4,680 hooks, every one of which must be baited.—Tid-Bits.

WOMAN'S STRUGGLE.

All women work.

Some in the homes.

Some in church, and some in the whirl of society.

Many in the stores and shops, and tens of thousands are on the never-ceasing treadmill earning their daily food.

All are subject to the same physical laws; all suffer alike from the same physical disturbances; there is

serious derangement in the womb.

Lydia E. Pinkham's "Vegetable Compound" is the unfailing cure for this trouble. It strengthens the proper muscles, and displacement with all its horrors will no more crush you.

Backache, dizziness, fainting, "bearing-down," disordered stomach, moodiness, dislike of friends and society—all symptoms of the one cause—will be quickly dispelled, and you will again be free.

A Great Brandy Drinker.

"I have seen the statement that no man could drink half a gallon of brandy a day for more than a very short time," said John L. Smith of Linden, Va., "but there is a man living in the town I reside in who has never missed drinking that much brandy in a day for 20 years. His name is John Hudnall, and he owns a brandy distillery near Linden. He has used liquor as a beverage since early youth, and for the past 20 years has consumed half a gallon of brandy a day. He is not an inebriate by any means, not becoming intoxicated by the brandy. He is hale and hearty and stands well in the community where he lives as a business man. No explanation can be given of his remarkable power of withstanding the effects of liquor, but no one who knows him doubts the statement as to his having taken the amount I have said. It has not impaired his digestion in the slightest degree, as it is usually claimed it will do."

A Good Investment.

On receipt of ten cents, cash or stamps, a generous sample will be mailed of the most popular Catarrh and Hay Fever Cure (Ely's Cream Balm) sufficient to demonstrate its great merit. Full size 50c.

ELY BROTHERS,
56 Warren St., New York City.

I suffered from Catarrh three years; it got so bad I could not work; I used two bottles of Ely's Cream Balm and am entirely well; I would not be without it.—A. C. Clarke, 341 Shawmut Ave., Boston. 2t.

"Now, Kiss Me."

A funny incident occurred in a neighboring city, says an exchange, a few days since, and one too good to be lost. One of our celebrated composers has written a pretty song entitled "Kiss Me." A very pretty, blushing maid, having heard of the song and thinking she would get it, with some others, stepped into a music store to make a purchase. One of the clerks, a modest young man, stepped up to wait on her. The young lady threw back her veil, saying:

"I want 'Rock Me to Sleep.'"

The clerk got the song and put it before her.

"Now," said the young lady, "I want 'The Wandering Refugee.'"

"Yes, ma'am," said the clerk, bowing, and in a few minutes he produced the "Refugee."

"Now, 'Kiss Me,'" said the young lady, of course meaning the song above mentioned.

The poor clerk's eyes popped fire almost as he looked at the young lady in utter astonishment, for he was not aware that a song by that name had been published.

"Wh-what did you say, miss?"

"'Kiss Me,' said she.

"I can't do it. I never kissed a young lady in my life," said the clerk.

And about that time a veil dropped, a young lady left in a hurry, a clerk felt sick, and the dealer lost the sale of his music.

The Great Comet.

Hadley's comet is on its way back. This same comet in 1456, directly after the battle of Belgrade, greatly worried the Turks and Christians alike, and when it made its last appearance in 1835, it terrified the people in general. This great member of the solar system, is now visible to the eye of science, but the world will not see it until 1911.

E. A. RAWLINGS.

—DEALER IN—

All Kinds of Meat,

Beef, Veal, Lamb, Mutton, Pork, Hams, Bacon, Tongues, Bologna, &c. Free Delivery to all parts of the town.

CENTRE STREET,

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Telephone connection.

RAILROAD TIME TABLE

DELAWARE, LACKAWANNA & WESTERN RAILROAD.

BLOOMSBURG DIVISION.

STATIONS.	EAST. A. M.	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.
NORTHUMBERLAND	6 25	1.50	10 05	5 50
Cameron	6 28	.....	.....	6 01
Chulasky	.....	.....	.....	6 07
Danville	6 50	2 12	10 26	6 13
Catawissa	7 00	2 26	10 39	6 28
Rupert	7 09	2 31	10 44	6 33
Bloomsburg	7 13	2 36	10 49	6 39
Espy	7 23	2 42	....	6 45
Lime Ridge	7 30	2 48	.....	6 52
Willow Grove	7 34	2 52	.....	6 56
Briarcreek	7 38	.....	.....	7 00
Berwick	7 48	3 01	11 12	7 06
Beach Haven	7 54	3 07	11 18	7 12
Hick's Ferry	8 00	3 13	....	7 19
Shickshinny	8 10	3 24	11 33	7 35
Hunlock's	8 20	3 34	.....	7 40
Nanticoke	8 27	3 42	11 49	7 54
Avondale	8 32	3 47	.....	7 58
Plymouth	8 37	3 52	11 56	8 03
Plymouth Junction	8 42	3 57	.....	8 07
Kingston	8 50	4 05	12 05	8 12
Bennett	8 53	4 08	.....	8 16
Forty Fort	8 56	4 11	.....	8 19
Wyoming	9 01	4 17	12 16	8 27
West Pittston	9 06	4 22	.....	8 30
Susquehanna Ave	9 10	4 25	12 23	8 33
Pittston	9 15	4 30	12 26	8 39
Duryea	9 19	4 34	.....	8 44
Lackawanna	9 24	4 37	.....	8 48
Taylor	9 32	4 45	12 40	8 57
Bellevue	9 37	4 50	....	9 02
SCRANTON	9 42	4 55	12 48	9 07
	A. M	P. M.	P. M.	P. M

STATIONS. WEST.	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
SCRANTON	6 00	9 55	1 55	6 00
Bellevue	6 05	.....	.....	.....
Taylor	6 10	10 04	2 05	6 10
Lackawanna	6 18	10 11	2 13	6 17
Duryea	6 22	10 14	2 16	6 21
Pittston	6 28	10 18	2 20	6 24
Susquehanna Ave	6 32	10 21	2 23	6 28
West Pittston	6 35	10 24	2 27	6 31
Wyoming	6 40	10 29	2 32	6 36
Forty Fort	6 45	.....	.....	.....
Bennett	6 48	10 36	2 39	6 44
Kingston	6 54	10 39	2 45	6 53
Plymouth Junction	6 59	10 43	2 53	.....
Plymouth	7 04	10 47	2 54	7 00
Avondale	7 09	.....	2 58	7 07
Nanticoke	7 14	10 54	3 02	7 12
Hunlock's	7 20	11 00	3 10	7 18
Shickshinny	7 31	11 10	3 24	7 35
Hick's Ferry	7 44	11 23	3 35	7 47
Beach Haven	7 54	11 32	3 42	7 58
Berwick	8 00	11 40	3 49	8 05
Briarcreek	8 06	.....	3 55	.....
Willow Grove	8 10	11 50	3 59	8 11
Lime Ridge	8 14	11 56	4 04	8 1
Espy	8 21	12 04	4 11	8 2
Bloomsburg	8 28	12 12	4 17	8 30
Rupert	8 34	12 18	4 23	8 38
Catawissa	8 40	12 23	4 29	8 41
Danville	8 55	12 37	4 2	8 55
Caulasky	.....	.....	4 49	.....
Cameron	9 05	12 46	4 54	9 10
NORTHUMBERLAND	9 20	1 00	5 08	9 2
	A. M.	P M.	P. M.	P. M.

Connections at Rupert with Philadelphia & Reading Railroad for Tamanend, Tamaqua Williamsport, Sunbury, Pottsville, etc At Northumberland with P. & E. Div. P. & R. for Harrisburg, Lock Haven, Emporium Warren, Corry and Erie.

W. F. HALLSTEAD, Gen. Man.,
Scranton, Pa.

SOUTH.— ARRIVE.				B. & S. R. R. STATIONS.	—NORTH LEAVE			
a m	a.m.	p m	p.m.		a m	p m	p m	a m
7.10	11.40	6.30	2.40	Bloomsbu'g.	8.30	2 40	6 40	6.10
7.08	11.35	6.26	2.3	" P. & R.	8.34	2.42	6.44	6.13
7.03	11.32	6.24	2.38	" Main st..	8.36	2.45	6.47	
		6.20	2.32	Irondale...		2.4	6.50	6.25
6.53	11.23	6.12	2 20	Paper Mill.	8 44	2.54	6.58	6.37
6.50	11.20	6.09	2.15	Light St..	8.47	3.00	7.02	6.50
6.40	11.10	5.59	2.0	Orangeville.	8.56	3.10	7.10	7.10
6 29	11.01	5.48	1.31	Forks ...	9.06	3.20	7.20	7.35
6.25	10.58	5.44	1.30	Zaner's...	9.09	3.25	7.24	7.43
6.18	10.53	5.37	1.25	Stillwater	9.13	3.30	7.29	8.00
6 08	10.43	5.27	1.10	Benton....	9.23	3.40	7.39	8.40
6.04	10 40	5.22	12.35	Edson's....	9.26	3.45	7.44	8.50
6.02	10 38	5.20	12.30	Cole's Cr'k.	9.28	3.47	7.48	8.53
5.58	10.35	5.16	12.25	Sugarloaf..	9.31	3.52	7.52	9.00
5.53	10.32	5.13	12 20	Laubach..	9.35	3.57	7.57	9.10
5.43	10.23	5.03	12.05	Central...	9.45	4.07	8.07	9 30
5.40	10.20	5.00	11.50	Jam. City.	9.50	4.11	8.10	9.40
a m	a m	p m	p m		a m	p m	p m	a m
LEAVE								ARRIVE

HUMPHREYS' VETERINARY SPECIFICS

For Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Dogs, Hogs, AND POULTRY.

500 Page Book on Treatment of Animals and Chart Sent Free.

CURES: Fevers, Congestions, Inflammation
A. A.: Spinal Meningitis, Milk Fever.
B. B.—Strains, Lameness, Rheumatism.
C. C.—Distemper, Nasal Discharges.
D. D.—Bots or Grubs, Worms.
E. E.—Coughs, Heaves, Pneumonia.
F. F.—Colic or Gripes, Bellyache.
G. G.—Miscarriage, Hemorrhages.
H. H.—Urinary and Kidney Diseases.
I. I.—Eruptive Diseases, Mange.
J. K.—Diseases of Digestion, Paralysis.

Single Bottle (over 50 doses), - - .60
Stable Case, with Specifics, Manual, Veterinary Cure Oil and Medicator, $7.00
Jar Veterinary Cure Oil, - - 1.00

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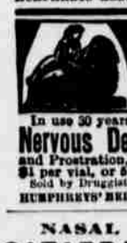
HUMPHREYS' MED. CO., 111 & 113 William St., New York.



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In use 30 years. The only successful remedy for

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NASAL CATARRH is a local disease and is the result of colds and sudden climatic changes. This remedy does not contain mercury or any other injurious drug.

ELY'S CREAM BALM Opens and cleans the Nasal Passages, Allays pain and Inflammation, Heals and Protects the Membrane from Colds, Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell. Is quickly absorbed. Gives relief at once. 50 cents at Druggists or by mail; samples 10c. by mail.
ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren Street, New York

CATARRH

COLD IN HEAD

Chichester Diamond Brand.
PENNYROYAL PILLS
Original and Only Genuine.
SAFE. Always reliable. LADIES ask Druggist for Chichester's English Diamond Brand in Red and gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations. At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Name Paper
Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square
Sold by all Local Druggists. Philada., Pa.

Pennsylvania Railroad

Time Table in effect Nov. 15, '96

	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Scranton (D & H) lv	6 45	‖ 9 38	‖ 2 50	‖ 4 41
Pittston " "	7 08	‖10 00	‖ 2 38	5 06
	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Wilkesbarre... lv	‖ 7 30	‖10 15	‖ 3 15	‖ 6 00
Plym'th Ferry "	‖ 7 38	10 20	‖ 3 21	‖ 6 04
Nanticoke..... "	7 46	10 27	3 29	6 15
Mocanaqua..... "	8 04	10 45	3 47	6 35
Wapwallopen. "	8 13	10 55	3 57	6 46
Nescopeck ..... ar	8 24	11 10	4 08	6 58
	A. M	A. M.	P. M.	
Pottsville. lv	‖ 6 00	‖ 9 05	‖ 1 50	.....
Hazleton ..... "	7 10	11 05	3 04	.....
Tombicken..... "	7 30	11 25	3 22	.....
Fern Glen..... "	7 38	11 34	3 33	.....
Rock Glen..... "	7 43	11 40	‖ 3 39	.....
Nescopeck..... ar	8 07	.....	4 08	.....
	A. M	A. M.	P. M.	
Nescopeck..... lv	‖ 8 24	‖11 10	‖ 4 08	.....
Creasy ..... "	8 33	Via	4 17	.....
Espy Ferry.... "	‖ 8 43	Rock	‖ 4 27	.....
E. Bloomsburg"	8 47	Glen	4 32	.....
			P. M.	
Catawissa..... ar	8 55	12 18	4 39	.....
Catawissa..... lv	8 55	12 18	4 39	.....
S. Danville..... "	9 14	12 34	4 57	.....
Sunbury..... "	9 35	12 55	5 20	.....
	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	
Sunbury lv	9 4	‖ 1 00	‖ 5 40	.....
Lewisburg .... ar	10 1	1 45	6 10	.....
Milton ..... "	10 0	1 29	6 06	.....
Williamsport.. "	11 0	2 30	7 00	.....
Lock Haven... "	12 0	3 32	8 00	.....
Renovo ..... "	P. M	4 30	9 00	.....
Kane..... "	.....	8 15	.....	.....
	P. M.	P. M.		
Lock Haven... lv	‖12 10	03 45	.....	.....
Bellefonte..... ar	1 05	4 44	.....	.....
Tyrone..... "	2 15	6 00	.....	.....
Philipsburg... "	4 25	8 26	.....	.....
Clearfield ..... "	5 06	9 09	.....	.....
Pittsburg ..... "	7 40	11 30	.....	.....
	A. M.		P. M.	
Sunbury..... lv	‖ 9 55	‖ 1 55	‖ 5 30	.....
Harrisburg.... ar	‖11 30	‖ 3 20	‖ 7 10	.....
	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	
Philadelphia . ar	‖ 3 00	‖ 6 23	‖11 1	.....
Baltimore..... "	‖ 3 10	‖ 6 00	‖10 40	.....
Washington "	‖ 4 10	‖ 7 15	.....	.....
	A. M.	P. M.		
Sunbury lv	‖10 05	‖ 2 45	.....	.....
	P. M.			
Lewistown Jc ar	12 05	‖ 4 37	.....	.....
Pittsburg..... "	7 00	‖11 30	.....	.....
	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	
Harrisburg..... lv	‖11 45	03 50	‖ 7 30	.....
	P. M.		A. M.	
Pittsburg ..... ar	‖ 7 00	‖11 30	‖ 2 00	.....

‖ Daily, except Sunday. Daily. † Flag station

Pittsburg..... lv	‖ 7 05	P. M. ‖ 3 10	.....	A. M. ‖ 8 00
Harrisburg.... ar	A. M. ‖ 2 10	A. M. ‖ 3 30	.....	P. M. ‖ 3 10
Pittsburg..... lv	.....	A. M.	.....	A. M. † 8 00
Lewistown Jc. "	.....	† 7 30	.....	P. M. † 3 1
Sunbury..... ar	.....	† 9 18	.....	† 5 10
	P. M.	A. M.		A. M.
Washington.... lv	‖10 40	.....	.....	‖10 50
Baltimore ..... "	‖11 50	‖ 4 25	.....	‖12 00
Philadelphia... "	‖11 23	‖ 4 30	.....	‖12 25
	A. M.	A. M.		P. M.
Harrisburg..... lv	‖ 3 30	‖ 8 05	.....	† 3 55
Sunbury..... ar	‖ 5 08	‖ 9 38	.....	† 5 35
	P. M.			A. M.
Pittsburg..... lv	‖ 1 00	.....	.....	‖ 8 00
Clearfield ..... "	4 09	.....	.....	9 31
Philipsburg... "	4 56	.....	.....	10 14
Tyrone..... "	7 15	.....	.....	12 30
Bellefonte..... "	8 31	.....	.....	1 42
Lock Haven... ar	9 30	.....	.....	2 43
	P. M.	A. M.		A. M.
Erie..... lv	‖ 3 25	.....	.....	.....
Kane..... "	7 05	.....	.....	† 6 30
Renovo..... "	10 35	.....	.....	10 25
Lock Haven... "	11 25	† 7 30	.....	P. M.
	A. M.			12 00
Williamsport.. "	3 25	8 20	.....	4 00
Milton ..... "	4 12	9 22	.....	4 56
Lewisburg..... "	.....	9 15	.....	4 47
Sunbury..... ar	4 36	9 50	.....	5 25
	A. M.	A. M.		P. M.
Sunbury..... lv	† 5 25	‖ 9 55	.....	† 5 43
S. Danville..... "	5 48	10 17	.....	6 07
Catawissa..... "	6 08	10 35	.....	6 26
E. Bloomsburg"	Via	10 43	.....	6 33
Espy Ferry..... "	Rock	‖10 47	.....	‖ 6 38
Creasy ..... "	Glen.	10 56	.....	6 48
Nescopeck ....ar	8 07	11 10	.....	6 58
	A. M.	A. M.		P. M.
Nescopeck..... lv	.....	‖11 10	.....	† 6 58
Rock Glen..... ar	† 6 52	‖11 35	.....	7 22
Fern Glen..... "	6 59	11 43	.....	7 27
Tombicken..... "	7 10	11 54	.....	7 34
		P. M.		
Hazleton ..... "	7 27	12 15	.....	7 56
Pottsville ..... "	8 45	1 20	.....	9 05
	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Nescopeck..... lv	† 5 07	‖11 10	† 4 08	† 6 58
Wapwallopen.ar	8 18	11 22	4 20	7 09
Mocanaqua..... "	8 28	11 32	4 32	7 21
Nanticoke ..... "	8 48	11 54	4 53	7 42
		P. M.		
Plym'th Ferry "	‖ 8 56	12 02	5 01	† 7 52
Wilkesbarre.... "	9 05	12 10	5 10	8 00
	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Pittston (D & H) ar	† 9 41	‖12 49	† 5 54	† 8 32
Scranton " "	10 10	1 16	6 21	9 03

† Daily, except Sunday. ‖ Daily. f Flag station.

Pullman Parlor and Sleeping Cars run on through trains between Sunbury, Williamsport and Erie, between Sunbury and Philadelphia and Washington and between Harrisburg, Pittsburg and the west.

For further information apply to Ticket Agents.

S. M. PREVOST, Gen'l. Manager. J. R. WOOD, Gen. Pass. Agt.

Philadelphia & Reading R'y

In effect Nov. 15, 1896.

TRAINS LEAVE BLOOMSBURG

For New York, Philadelphia, Reading Pottsville, Tamaqua, weekdays 11.45 a. m.

For Williamsport, weekdays, 7.35 a. m., 3.30 p. m.

For Danville and Milton, weekdays, 7.35 a. m., 3.30.

For Catawissa weekdays 7.35, 11.45 a. m., 12.20, 3.30 5.00, 6.33, p. m.

For Rupert weekdays 7.35, 11.45 a. m., 12.20, 3.30 5.00, 6.33, p. m.

For Baltimore, Washington and the West via B. & O. R. R., through trains leave Reading Terminal, Philadelphia, 3.20, 7.55, 11.26 a. m., 3.46 7.27, p. m. Sundays 3.20, 7.55 11.26 a. m., 3.46, 7.27, p. m. Additional trains from 24 and Chestnut street station, weekdays, 1.35, 5.41, 8.23 p. m. Sundays, 1.35, 8.23 p. m.

TRAINS FOR BLOOMSBURG

Leave New York via Philadelphia 8.00 a m., and via Easton 9.10 a. m.

Leave Philadelphia 10.05 a. m.

Leave Reading 11.55 a. m.

Leave Pottsville 12.30 p. m.

Leave Tamaqua 1.27 a. m.,

Leave Williamsport weekdays 10.30 a m, 4.30 p m.

Leave Catawissa weekdays, 7.00, 8.20 a. m. 1.30 3.20, 6.15.

Leave Rupert, weekdays, 7.08, 8.27, a. m., 11.56 1.37, 3.40, 6.28.

ATLANTIC CITY DIVISION.

Leave Philadelphia, Chestnut Street wharf and South Street wharf for Atlantic City.

WEEK-DAYS—Express, 9.00, a. m., 2.00, 4.00, 5.00, p. m. Accom. 8.00 a. m., 6.30 p. m.

SUNDAY—Express, 9.00, 10.00 a.m. Accom. 8 00 a. m. and 4.45 p. m.

Leave Atlantic City, depot, : WEEK-DAYS—Express, 7.35, 9 00, a. m., 3.30, 5.30, p. m. Accom. 8.15 a. m., 4.32 p. m. SUNDAY—Express, 4.00, 7.30, p. m. Accom., 7.15 a. m., 4.15 p. m.

Parlor cars on all express trains.

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The Columbian.

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The Columbia Democrat,

ESTABLISHED 1837. CONSOLIDATED 1869.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY MORNING

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GEO. E. ELWELL EDITOR.
GEO. C. ROAN, FOREMAN.

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THE COLUMBIAN,
Bloomsburg, Pa.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 11, 1897.

A proposition to investigate the state treasury is before the legislature. A senator said the other day that he wanted to know whether it is true that large sums of state money are deposited in certain favored banks, without interest, and that in consideration therefor these banks have loaned large amounts to prominent politicians, and that as the money has not been repaid, the state treasurer can not pay the appropriations to the public schools because the banks have not got the money to do it with.

Let the investigation go on by all means.

REMOVAL OF THE CAPITAL.

There is a movement on foot to change the Capital city of the state from Harrisburg to Philadelphia The two strongest reasons given for a change are that the Allegheny members can stay in a sleeping car all night to reach Philadelphia, whereas now they reach Harrisburg at three o'clock in the morning; and that Philadelphia affords more amusement for the country members than Harrisburg provides. Two excellent reasons, to be sure! So far as the western members are concerned, there is nothing to prevent their traveling in the day time, and as for amusements, the country members and city members too, do not suffer. They occasionally have a "circus" in the House, and when they get hungry for a theatrical performance it is only three hours' ride to Philadelphia, and they can go down in the afternoon on a railroad pass with which most of them are provided, and return in the morning in time for the session. If it takes the legislature six months to finish their work in Harrisburg where they have nothing else to do, how long would it take in Philadelphia where their attention would be diverted by the theatres, and the Zoo, and the dime museum?

The people of this section do not want the capital changed. Anyone having business in any of the departments can leave here in the morning, have several hours in Harrisburg to transact his business, and reach home at night. The quickest trip that can be made to Philadelphia requires two days, or riding all night one way or the other.

Again, the change of location would involve enormous expense to the state It is said that the grounds now owned by the state were donated for the purposes of the capital, and if abandoned, they will revert to the donors with all the improvements. The purchase of new grounds in Philadelphia would cost a mint of money, and even if lands were donated in Fairmount Park, it would take millions to put them in shape and erect a capitol building.

Leave the capital where it is, and erect a new building that shall be adequate for the transaction of all the public business. But the people are in no humor to submit to the squandering of millions for the erection of a magnificent palace. There has been too much jobbery already. Within the past year over $100,000 were spent on the Hall of the House, a large proportion of which was for painting pictures on the walls. Every few years the same thing has been repeated, and the people have to foot the bills. Pennsylvania is a great state, and ought to have a capital building that is sufficient for all the needs of the state government. Such a building and one that will not detract from the dignity of the commonwealth can be constructed on the site of the old capital for much less than the $5,000,000 structure that is talked of in certain quarters. The expenditure of so much money now means either that taxation must be increased, or the appropriations for other purposes must be cut down, and this means that the schools and charitable institutions must suffer. It is high time that profligacy should be supplanted by some sort of reasonable economy in Pennsylvania.

Two "trains" of the Reading's furnishing mill at its Danville iron works resumed operations last week.

Twenty-three applicants for license in Shamokin were refused by Judge Savidge on Thursday of last week.

WASHINGTON NOTES.

Mr. Platt will return to the Senate after an absence of nearly sixteen years. Instances are very rare of men being returned to the Senate after so long an absence. Sixteen years are a long time in politics, and very few, indeed, survive the changes of such a period. When Platt first entered the Senate, in 1881, Grover Cleveland had not yet been elected Mayor of Buffalo, and was unknown. He returns to the Senate just as Mr. Cleveland retires to private life. The rise and fall of David B. Hill are embraced in the same period. Of all members of the Senate, when Mr. Platt was sworn in, March 4, 1881, only fourteen will be there when he takes his seat, March 4, 1897. These fourteen Senators are: Allison, Frye, George, Gorman, Hale, Harris, Aldrich, Hawley, Hoar, Morgan, Morrill, Platt of Connecticut; Sewall and Teller, Sherman, who was returned to the Senate from the Cabinet in 1881, will go into the Cabinet again on the day Platt enters the Senate. Davis, Anthony, Beck, Brown, Ferry, Lamar, Logan, Mahone, Salisbury and Windom, who served with Platt in 1881, are dead. Dawes, Edmunds, Harrison and Ingalls, who were Senators in 1881, have retired to private life. Bayard is Ambassador to England, and Cameron is about to leave the Senate.

SIR JULIAN PAUNCEFOTE.
(British Ambassador at Washington.)

The Vice-President-elect has leased "Belmont," the house of A. L. Barber, of asphalt fame, which stands in large and spacious grounds in Fourteenth street, nearly opposite the home of Mrs. Logan, and within a stone's throw of the home of Justice Harlan and the Chinese Legation. Although not bearing the stamp of fashionable approval, this quarter is one of the healthiest and most desirable in town, and from the hill on which, "Belmont" is built a beautiful view of the city and the outlying country can be had.

No administration in the history of the Government has been so successful socially as was that of President Arthur, with Mr. Frelinghuysen as Secretary of State, Mr. Lincoln at the head of the War Department, Mr. Brewster Attorney-General, and Mr. Chandler in possession of the Naval portfolio, all of them men of wealth and cultivation, whose families, trained in social ways, were ambitious to contribute their quota to make society representative and brilliant.

LYMAN J. GAGE.
(Secretary of the Treasury in the McKinle; Cabinet.)

"It is no kindness," said a member of Congress, the other day, "to appoint a poor man to a position in the Cabinet. The salary is not sufficient to do more than pay the rent of a properly furnished house, and it takes about four times the salary to live and entertain, not extravagantly and showily but in a manner consistent with the high position. The consequence is that to keep anywhere near the pace set by his colleagues, a poor man uses up the small savings of a lifetime.

Fortunately, the men mentioned in connection with Mr. McKinley's Cabinet are some of them wealthy, all of them possessed of fortunes adequate to meet the demands of the position, and of agreeable social qualities. The place the Shermans occupy in society will scarcely be changed by Mr. Sherman's acceptance of the premiership. They have for several decades entertained frequently and elegantly, but in a quiet and conservative manner. The only difference the new position will make is that Mrs. Sherman, as wife of the Secretary of State, will have precedence after Mrs. Hobart, and will receive more visitors and make fewer visits, it having become an established custom that the women of the cabinet shall not attempt to return all the visits upon them in person.

SENATOR.

Profitable Depositors.

Mohammedan depositors in the post-office savings banks in India and other Colonies are enriching the Government, as their religion forbids them to receive interest. They insist on taking out no more than they put in.—*Tid-Bits.*

THE CONSEQUENCES OF OUR DEFEAT.

It is perhaps a little early to point out all the consequences of the Democratic defeat at the last election. One thing seems to be certain, it has given a new lease of power to that party that has such a grip upon the finances of our country, that they are able to create a boom or a panic at their pleasure.

Business started up in all sections of our country. Fires were kindled in many manufacturing establishments that had long stood idle, proving conclusively that business may be done at a profit, under a tariff which they denounced as so destructive of American commerce. This boom in business has taken place without any change in the tariff or the financial policy of our government. It is simply a boom got up to order, by those who have it in their power to make business brisk or otherwise as they deem most expedient.

Our Republican friends tell us, that the election of McKinley has restored confidence, so that people feel safe in doing business.

It would be interesting to know in what this confidence consists. Are they confident that the McKinley tariff will be restored?

That is not likely to be the case, and it is hardly wise for the party in power to attempt to force such a measure, as it has been twice repudiated by the people. If such a bill were passed, it would probably be approved by the president elect. McKinley was raised on protection diet, he thinks of nothing else when awake and when asleep he talks about it. When the McKinley tariff was in force it failed to bring about the prosperity promised, and it utterly failed as a revenue measure. Confidence must rest on something else.

Are they confident that the gold standard will be indefinitely maintained?

If their promise is worth anything, they intend to bring about a bimetalic standard if possible by international agreement.

In what then does this confidence consist?

If I may be allowed to express an opinion, I should say, that they are confident that for four years at least, they will be unmolested in their pious work of forming trusts and combines to extort money from the people. In that time they may easily make up the three million dollars which they are reported to have spent to secure the election of McKinley, and have something left to enter the next campaign with. I give it as my opinion, that honest men or honest parties will not spend money to secure the election of their favorites.

The fact that money is being lavishly expended to secure the election of any individual or party, is prima facie evidence, that those who furnish the cash, expect to get it back with usury.

We are justifiable in regarding with suspicion, those who are willing to buy their way to political preferment. The person who sells his vote and the one who buys it, should upon conviction thereof be forever disfranchised. It will perhaps be charged, that this is a common thing, that it is done by both parties.

Admitting the charge to be correct, it does not better the matter. All lovers of good and honest government should join in their efforts to make it uncommon, and not only uncommon but odious.

If the money that was expended during the last campaign, had been used in some useful and legitimate calling, it would have done more to stop the cry of hard times, than the success of any candidate in the field has done or could do.

C.

The editor is a man who carries a pair of scissors in his vest pocket, a lead pencil in his breast pocket, a memorandum book in his coat pocket and his wealth in everybody else's pockets.—*Ex.*

Scrofula

Makes life misery to thousands of people. It manifests itself in many different ways, like goitre, swellings, running sores, boils, salt rheum and pimples and other eruptions. Scarcely a man is wholly free from it, in some form. It clings tenaciously until the last vestige of scrofulous poison is eradicated by Hood's Sarsaparilla, the

One True Blood Purifier.

Thousands of voluntary testimonials tell of suffering from scrofula, often inherited and most tenacious, positively, perfectly and permanently cured by

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.
Be sure to get Hood's and only Hood's.

Hood's Pills are the best after-dinner pills, aid digestion. 25c.

JOHN R. TOWNSEND,

Merchant TAILOR, AND **Hatter.**

SUITS FROM $18.00.

CORNER MAIN & MARKET Sts.
BLOOMSBURG PA.

TROUSERS FROM $5.00.

COUNTY TREASURER'S COMMISSIONS.

The Commissioners and Auditors fail to Agree, and the Court will Settle it.

By the act of 1834, the compensation of the county treasurer is to be fixed by the commissioners, with the approval of the county auditors. On last Saturday Commissioners Krickbaum and Kitchen (Gordon being sick) submitted the following to the auditors.

Resolved, That the full compensation for the County Treasurer for the year beginning the first Monday of January 1897 shall be three per cent on all moneys received and paid by him, saving and excepting that said Treasurer shall only receive 1½ per cent for moneys paid by him for the redemption of county bonds and the interest on the same, and that said Treasurer shall only receive 1½ per cent on moneys paid by him for any one item of repairs or improvements to any public buildings, or any county creek or river bridge, where the cost of any such item of repairs or improvements shall exceed five hundred dollars, and that the said Treasurer shall only receive 1½ per cent. for moneys paid by him for the construction of any new public building, or new county creek or river bridge or any road or appoach to such bridge, where the cost of any such building or bridge or any such road or approach shall exceed five hundred dollars, and that said county Treasurer shall receive no per cent or compensation for moneys paid by him in the payment or discharge of any sums which may be borrowed, without issuing bonds, by the present board of Commissioners, and if a new bonded indebtedness becomes necessary, the said treasurer shall only receive one-half per cent. in paying out the proceeds of said bonds.

The auditors declined to approve of this proposition, and so under the act of 1875 the court has power, in its discretion, to fix the Treasurer's compensation finally.

SIMILARITY OF GRIP AND COLDS.

La Grippe and Colds are so similar that the skilled physician is ofttimes baffled. Your safety lies in "Seventy-seven," it cures both Grip and Colds, relieving the mind of uncertainty, which in itself, goes a long way towards a cure.

Dr. Johnston Raves In His Cell.

Not So Glad as He Was at First That He Needn't Hang.

Whether Dr. Thomas L. Johnston, the convicted murderer of Druggist Henry, at New Bloomfield, Pa., is practicing a shrewd trick for effect upon the arguments for a new trial for him, to be submitted on February 18, or has actually gone wild, he is exhibiting many symptoms of mania in his cell in the jail at that place. He rushes back and forth, cursing at conspirators all who had anything to do with his conviction, although at first he seemed to be glad that it was only a second degree verdict and his neck was saved.

Tours to California via Pennsylvania Railroad.

The next California tour of the Pennsylvania Railroad will leave New York and Philadelphia by special train of Pullman palace cars February 24, visiting the great Mammoth Cave and stopping at New Orleans during the Mardi Gras Carnival. Four weeks will be allowed on the Pacific Coast, and two days will be spent on the return trip at Colorado Springs and the Garden of the Gods. Stops will also be made at Salt Lake City, Denver, and Omaha. This is one of the most delightful and complete tours ever planned.

Tickets, including railroad transportation, Pullman accommodations (one double berth), meals *en route*, carriage drives, and hotel accommodations going and return, and transportation in California, will be sold at rate of $350 from all stations on the Pennsylvania Railroad System east of Pittsburg.

Apply to ticket agents, Tourist Agent, 1196 Broadway, New York, or Geo. W. Boyd, Assistant General Passenger Agent, Broad Street Station, Philadelphia. 2t.

Get your job work done at the COLUMBIAN office.

... Early Spring Buying ...

Every house wife and every maiden has spring sewing to do. They want to get their muslin garments out of the way. We are now showing the requisite article necessary for them to use in this way. Muslin, laces, embroideries, insertings, etc; all of them entirely new, and just now on account of dull times prices are very tempting.

Emb. Insertings and Laces.

All of these are entirely new, and prettier and daintier than ever. They improve on them every year. Every year they are prettier and less expensive. They are in the centre aisle ready for your inspection.

Cambric emb. in almost endless variety 1c. to 56c. the yd.

Guipure emb., special lots at rare bargains. 6c., 10c., 14c. and 25c. the yard. These are worth fully ⅓ more.

Nansook emb. in rare and exclusive patterns, with narrow edges, trimmings to match. For making Baby dresses especially.

Sets of Swiss emb., 3 or 4 different widths in same design. Inserting to match.

Full line of Torchon hand made laces, all widths, with insertings to match.

Machine made torchon laces, with trimmings to match, in different qualities.

White Goods.

We are showing by far the most extensive line of white goods ever shown in Bloomsburg. All of them new and extremely pretty. We anticipated your wants in these goods and here they are in profusion for your picking.

Long cloths, nansooks, plain and checked from 6c. to 45c. the yd.

Special values in checked nansooks at 10c. and 12½c. the yard. Dimities, plain, striped and checked, 8c to 35c. the yd.

Special values in these at 10c. to 15c.

Percales for waists in light and duck effects.

Coats at Less Than Half.

All coats we have left we will sell for less than half price, and they are rare bargains if you want any.

LOTS OF BARGAINS IN DRESS GOODS.

Muslins.

We still offer you this useful article at ridiculous prices.

Unbleached muslin of good quality, 20 yds. $1.00.

Hill muslin, bleached, 36 in wide, 6½c the yd.

Pepperell R. muslin, unbleached, 7c. the yd.

9–4 sheeting, unbleached, 15c. the yard. Worth fully ⅓ more.

Jardinieres.

We will snow you a line of Jardinieres in great variety at prices under any thing you ever heard of. They were bought cheap and will be sold cheap.

Dishes.

We are closing out three or four decorations in Johnson Brcs. and Wm. Greenly's semi porcelain, English, warranted not to craze, at prices that should tempt you.

100 piece Dinner Set, $9.75, thought cheap at $12.00, the old price.

100 piece dinner set, $12.00.

112 piece dinner set, $14.00.

Extremely cheap at former prices—$14.00 and $16.00.

Pursel & Harman,

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Not Mere . . .

Foot Covers . . .

but easy, comfortable, stylish shoes.

SHOES THAT ARE CORRECT

That's what up-to-date men want. That's what we sell, and we don't draw heavily on pocket books either. Fitting feet is our specialty, and we assure perfect comfort to every patron. We carry the largest stock of boots, shoes and rubbers in the county, and all new and fresh and bright Every size, every shape, and prices not too high—nor to low.

Jones & Walter
FEET FITTERS
BLOOMSBURG PA.

STRAY PARAGRAPHS.

The rudder of a vessel is a stern reality.

No Maud dear, parrots are not mocking birds.

"You're sapping my life" said the maple tree to the sugar boiler.

Where did your sister get those diamonds Johnny? I don't know but "A-l-ask-a."

No dear, because a fellow accidentally bites his girl's lip, doesn't signify that he's a "cribber."

It may be that the new secretary of the treasury is too green a Gage for Wall Street to eat.

"What a damp world this is," said the tramp when the rain awoke him from his night's slumber.

Try Grain-O! Try Grain-O!

Ask your Grocer to-day to show you a package of GRAIN-O, the new food drink that takes the place of coffee. The children may drink it without injury as well as an adult. All who try it, like it. GRAIN-O has that rich seal brown of Mocha or Java, but it is made from pure grains, and the most delicate stomach receives it without distress. ¼ the price of coffee. 15c. and 25c. per package. Sold by all grocers. 2-4-4td.

Three hundred and thirty-three children were excluded from the public schools of Shenandoah, because their parents were too poor to have them vaccinated. The Board will vaccinate them at public expense.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

THE COLUMBIAN.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 11, 1897.

Entered at the Post Office at Bloomsburg, Pa. as second class matter, March 1, 1888.

BRIEF MENTION.

About People You Know.

C. W. Miller of Wilkesbarre, had business in town on Monday.

William Moran of Scranton, had business in town on Monday.

J. S. Woods made a business trip to Shamokin on Monday.

A. H. Stroh went to New York on business, Monday.

John Bush of Lock Haven spent a few days in town last week.

Miss Mary Gruver of Nanticoke, visited relatives in town over Sunday.

Mrs. B. F. Hicks visited friends at Williamsport over Sunday.

William Tilley of Hemlock, spent part of Wednesday in town.

Ed. Shultz of Philadelphia, circulated among friends in town on Tuesday.

Frank Mays of Shamokin, had business in town on Wednesday.

John Ellis has returned home from his vacation, and has resumed his duties at the Broadway.

H. H. Brown and wife of Light Street, left on Monday, for a visit to friends at Washington D. C.

Mr. and Mrs. R. C. Neal of Harrisburg, came up on Saturday to visit relatives here. Mr. Neal went home on Monday.

Morris Sloan is quite seriously ill in Scranton, where he has been residing for some years past.

Miss Dora Marr assisted in this office several days this week. She is a thoroughly competent stenographer and type-writer.

J. R. Townsend and J. C. Brown went to Harrisburg on Wednesday to attend a convention of school directors of the state.

Mr. Lloyd Paxton of Rupert, circulated among his Bloomsburg friends on Wednesday.

Miss Dora Niles who has been ill for some time at her home in Wilkes-Barre, is not improving. She is confined to the bed, and it is feared that she will not recover.

A new crossing has been put down at the corner of East and Third Streets.

Rev. I. M. Patterson preached in the Methodist Tabernacle on Sunday morning.

Thos. Rutledge, formerly of Espy, died at Rock Stream, New York, last Sunday, aged seventy years.

The Brotherhood of St. Andrew of the Episcopal Church, will give an entertainment in the Parish House on the evening of March 2nd.

The county statement appears this week in the COLUMBIAN, "Republican" and "Sentinel". Supplements will be furnished to the other county papers.

Commissioner Gordon has been quite sick for the past three weeks, but is now able to be out again. He was in the commissioners' office on Monday.

The Armours, who have had a small station here for some time, will build a large cold storage meat house on Sixth street, on a lot now owned by the Waller estate. Frank S. Brown will be retained as manager.

The sad intelligence of the death of Wilson Hagenbuch, who lives at Attalissa, Iowa, was received by friends in town on Friday. He had just arrived home about a month ago, after a six weeks visit to friends in this county. His wife died abont two years ago.

Dr. F. W. Gunsaulus will give the next number in the Students' Lecture course on Monday evening, 15th inst. He is a lecturer of high reputation, and a rare treat is promised.

Rev. Anna Shaw will lecture on the 26th, which will close the course.

Legal advertisements on page 7.

O. A. Stonge has opened his new hotel at Grovania, and has everything in nice shape for the accommodation of the public.

J. J. Robbins, a former resident of this town, was married to Mrs. M. F. Bonham of Scranton last week. They are living at Scranton.

The spinning department of the Carpet Works is working with full force, starting last Monday. It is hoped that this may continue.

The Lorah property, corner of Main and Railroad street, was sold by the sheriff last Saturday to Creasy & Wells for $630.00 subject to other liens.

The men's meeting in Y. M. C. A. Hall next Sunday afternoon at 2.30, will be addressed by M. C. Beardsley, of New York. Good singing. Come, bring a friend.

Mrs. Kate Beagle, wife of Frederick Beagle, died Monday morning, at her home on Fifth street, aged forty-seven years. She is survived by a husband and three children. Funeral services were held Thursday morning.

The members of Zion congregation will hold a box social at the home of Mr. E. M. Laubach, at Forks, on Saturday evening, the 18th inst. Proceeds to be used for church work. The public is cordially invited to attend.

The W. C. T. U. will hold an entertainment in Barber's hall at Stillwater, on Wednesday evening, the 17th inst. An interesting program is being prepared, and all are invited to attend. Admission 10 cts. Children free.

Charles Whitenight, aged 35 years, died at his home, on Third street, Monday. A wife and two children are left to mourn his death. The deceased was an employee of the Desk Factory. Rev. I. M. Patterson conducted the funeral services Thursday morning.

Mr. John Dietterick, an old and respected resident of Espy, aged 81 years, died at his home, on Saturday afternoon last. He had been in poor health for a long time. The deceased was the father of Harvey, Henry and Lloyd Dietterick, of this town. The funeral took place on Tuesday.

A Farmer's Institute will be held in Odd Fellows Hall, Numidia, this county, Wednesday and Thursday Feb. 17 and 18th under the auspices of Penn'a Agricultural Department. All exercises public and free. Everybody invited. Come or you will miss something good.

A young lady of several years experience in office-work and general business correspondence, book-keeping and stenography, also operator on Type-writer, having a machine of her own, would like a position in Bloomsburg or vicinity. For further information address P. O. Box 97 or inquire at this office. Satisfactory reference given. 2t.

The following letters are advertised Feb. 9, 1897. Mrs. M. C. Crawford, Miss Della Cornilus, George B. Girton, M. Heading, Mrs. Anna Knouse Mr. H. A. Mahood, Mr. Meilick, Miss Miranda Pursel, Kimber Strauser, Sidney Shaft, Mrs. Fayetta Scott. Will be sent to the dead letter office Feb. 23, 1897.

JAMES H. MERCER. P. M.

CALLIEPIAN REUNION.

The Calliepian Society of the Normal School will hold its annual reunion on the evening of February 22, at which time the Nashville Jubilee Singers will be present and give a concert.

Don't Be Penned Up

by a cough when you can relieve it with a few doses of

Rishton's Magnetic Cough Syrup.

This is no secret nostrum, but a good old fashioned remedy which goes to the spot and does the work quickly and permanently. Try a bottle at 25c. and save a spell of sickness.

The best remedy known for croup.

W. S. RISHTON

Opposite P. O. PHARMACIST.

GOSSIP OF THE WHEEL.

The Growing Demand for Good Roads—Cycling Notes.

A locomotive engineer of Phillipsburg, Pa., obtained a bicycl last spring and joined the L. A. W. He says he found the wheel rather harder to handle than a locomotive at first, but is all right now, and has ridden evenings and "off days" since May last fifteen hundred miles; has no more dyspepsia, and is very much provoked to think of the fun he has missed by not beginning sooner. He closes by saying: "My advice to all old 'grunts' is, buy a wheel and quit the drug business.—L. A. W. Bulletin.

A member sojourning for the winter in Dresden, Ger., writes us that the rules regarding bicycle riding in that city are ridiculous. Riders are compelled to have a nickled shield with name and address attached to the front part of the wheel. Bells must be rung at all crossings. Lamps must be lighted at dusk. No coasting is allowed even in the country. At no time can a cyclist ride in the middle of the street, and they are not allowed at all on some streets. The laws in Dresden seem to be as easy to break as the china of that name.

It becomes more and more apparent that what was formerly a public request for good roads is now becoming a public demand. Where the people were once satisfied to make a suggestion, they are now disposed to dictate. What is good for everybody, nobody should oppose. It is now pretty well understood that good roads are the most economical investment a people can put their money in. How to improve the public highways is now the topic of discussion. There is no longer any question that they should be improved. The already over-taxed farmers are beginning to look upon the securing of good roads as a local means of increasing their welfare rather than as something to add to their present heavy burden of debt. There is a getting together of all the forces interested in the subject that warrants the prediction that 1897 is to be a notable year in highway improvement. The law makers and the road makers are being encouraged by all classes and ages to do something of a practical nature. Are you doing your share?—Good Roads.

The cycling shows at Chicago and New York will be the means of introducing to the public all the new features for 1897. It is stated that most of the manufacturers this year have adopted 70 inches as their standard gear. This is obtained by having a front sprocket with twenty teeth, that on the rear wheel having eight. All manufacturers give several options of gears from 66½ to 80. However, they recommend their customer to choose one which may be obtained by the use of eight or nine teeth in the rear sprocket, as they say exhaustive tests have proved there is more friction when a sprocket of seven is employed than when a larger one is used.

A PARIS SUGGESTION.

Anecdote of Judge Goff.

Judge Goff, then a Union soldier, was taken a prisoner January 20, 1864, and was confined for four months in Libby. A rebel spy, named Armsey, was likewise captured and incarcerated within the Federal lines and condemned to be shot. Goff was held as a hostage for the spy, and word was sent to the Federal Government that he would be shot if Armsey was executed. Goff heard it and wrote these lines to President Lincoln: "If Armsey is guilty he should be executed regardless of its consequences to me. The life of a single soldier should not stand in the way of adherence to a great principle." The letter is on file in the War Office.

Good Reason for Haste.

The Doctor—Mrs. Brown has sent for me to go and see her boy, and I must go at once.

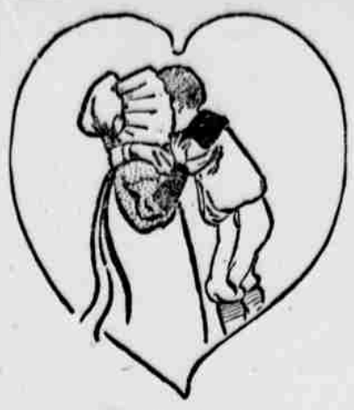
His Wife—What is the matter with the boy?

The Doctor—I don't know; but Mrs. Brown has a book on "What to Do Before the Doctor Comes," and I must hurry up before she does it.—Household Words.

Evolution.

Mary had a little lamb—
That time has passed away;
No lamb could follow up the pace
Our Mary sets to-day.

For now she rides the air-shod wheel
In skirts too short by half—
No lambkin shares her airy flights,
But you can see her calf.



Fifty Years Ago.

No theory of germs to chill
Affection's budding blisses;
When ardent lovers took their fill,
No microbes on their kisses.
How happy they were not to know
The germ-fad—50 years ago.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

is the standard family remedy of the world for colds, coughs and lung diseases. It is not a palliative, and is not therefore put up in small cheap bottles. It is put up in large bottles for the household. They cost more but cure more.

Fads come and go but no theory or fad can overthrow the fact, that the greatest cure for all colds, coughs and throat and lung diseases, is Ayer's Cherry Pectoral.

50 Years of Cures.

J. E. ROYS.

NO X RAYS

Needed to see the superior quality of our

JEWELRY.

It flashes out upon the eye so blazingly that one can't help seeing it at a glance.

Every Article

we show voices its own merit and substantiates every claim we make.

RICHNESS, elegance and fashionableness are the distinguishing features of our Jewelry exhibit

J. E. ROYS.

You'd Show Good Taste

If you selected your paper from our stock. Fine wall paper is like fine clothes—always noticed and admired. We couple beauty and novelty of design with a quality of paper which is seldom equalled. All we ask is your eyes, our stock will do the rest.

PRICES ARE LOWER THAN EVER.

Room Mouldings to match all papers.

WILLIAM H. SLATE,

EXCHANGE HOTEL BLD.

There is a Class of People

Who are injured by the use of coffee. Recently there has been placed in all the grocery stores a new preparation called GRAIN-O, made of pure grains that takes the place of coffee. The most delicate stomach receives it without distress, and but few can tell it from coffee. It does not cost over ¼ as much. Children may drink it with great benefit. 15cts. and 25cts. pe dackage. Try it. Ask for GRAIN-O

TWO DOLLARS FOR ONE.

That is what you can make your money do in the way of Coat Buying now. Two dollars will buy four dollar coat. Values. Don't you think it will pay you to see them. This is the way we are now selling them.

$10.00 coats now $5.00. $15.00 coats now $7.50.
7.00 coats now 3.50. 12.00 coats now 6.00.

Blankets and Comfortables.

This is the kind of weather for them; and yet we have reduced the prices to close them out. You had better see them.

Dress Goods.

We have reduced the prices on many lines of these goods to move them quickly. An inspection of them would pay you.

Corsets! Corsets!

We have purchased from an overloaded manufacturer a lot of corsets. Thoroughly made of Jean, Satteen and striped, full boned bust, and long bones, flossed top and bottom. A regular 65c. corset, but our sale price will be 50c. pair. Full line of R. & G. American Lady. We call attention to our "Model Form" Corset, without doubt the best high bust corset on the market for the price, one dollar. Try it.

4-4 Hill Muslin, 6½c yard. Lancaster Ginghams, 5c yd.

Hosiery.

Full lines, all kinds, all prices. 3 special lots noted here.
Heavy bicycle hose, sizes 6 to 11, at 15c pair.
Heavy bicycle hose, sizes 6 to 11, at 18c pair, 95c ½ doz.
Men's regular made, sizes 9½ to 11, at 18c pair. 96c ½ doz.

Underwear.

Good lines yet to select from. All prices. Closing out some numbers at reduced prices.

Embroideries and Laces.

Full lines for muslin wear, and children's wear now ready.

H. J. CLARK & SON.

One Price, The Lowest for Cash.

I. W. HARTMAN & SON.

Next Monday will close the sale of Ladies' Muslin Underwear at the present cut in prices.

They are an article that every woman wears "and somebody sells." We repeat names and prices.

CHILDREN'S NIGHT DRESSES.
Were 45 and 50c., now 35c.
Were 59c., now 39c.

CHILDREN'S DRAWERS.
Were 25c., now 15c., were 25 and 30, now 19c.
Were 35 and 40, now 25c., were 12c., now 9c.
Were 15 and 18c., now 12c., were 20c., now 15c.

CORSET COVERS.
Were 98c., now 75c., were 75c. now 50c.
Were 59c., now 45c.. were 49c. now 42c.
Were 25c., now 22c.

SKIRTS FOR LADIES.
Were 49c., now 39c., were 75c. now 59c.
Were $1.50, now $1.19, were $2.50, now $1.93.

CHEMISE FOR LADIES.
Were 39c., now 25c., were 49c. now 39c.
Were 98c, now 69c, were 75c, now 59c.

NIGHT DRESSES FOR LADIES.
Were 49c, now 29c, were 59c, now 39c.
Were 69c, now 50c, were 89c, now 69c.
Were 98c, now 79c, were $1.39, now $1.00.

With others at higher prices, also Ladies' Drawers, cut from $1 25 to 95c, others cheaper.

These goods are all well made, of good muslin, and well trimmed. It is a good time for ladies to select their Spring Underwear. The Blankets, Capes, Coats, Outing Cloth Night Dresses, and a great many other articles, are in this special sale.

I. W. HARTMAN & SON.

BUILDING A NAME.

That is one occupation the right sort of a business man is always engaged in, in connection with his business. With the right kind of business he builds for honesty, enterprise and reliability. We are proud of the name we have built for ourselves, and each day shall add to it. When you are in need of anything in our line give us a call. We guarantee satisfaction.

HESS BROTHERS

Jewelers, Opticians and Stationers. Bloomsbug, Pa.

TELEPHONE.

CHOICE CONFECTIONS.

Fine Chocolates 25c a pound

more than 40 kinds to select from and **LOWNEYS CELEBRATED CHOCOLATES** 60c a pound loose or in packages These two brands of goods cannot be excelled anywhere for the money.

I. G. DEITRICK,

TELEPHONE CONNECTION. MARKET SQUARE

OSCAR II. OF SWEDEN.

NAMED AS UMPIRE IN THE ARBITRATION TREATY.

Brief Sketch of the Ruler Whose Name is Now Before the World—A Wise King, Faithful Husband and Christian Gentleman.

Oscar II., King of Sweden and Norway, is a man of 67, with a benevolent countenance, a full gray beard and a stalwart figure. In his youth he was a sailor, and he still retains the bluff manners of a follower of the sea.

He is the fourth sovereign of the line of Charles Jean Bernadotte, who, by a singular accident, was raised from the station of a simple burgher to that of a Marshal in Napoleon's army. At the death of Charles XIII. the Parliament of Sweden, acting under orders from the all-powerful conqueror, chose Marshal Bernadotte to succeed him, and he ascended the throne under the name of Charles XIV. He had wit enough to cut aloof from the Emperor when the latter rushed on his doom, and thus at the reconstruction which followed he retained his crown and bequeathed it to his son, Oscar I. That politic monarch managed to keep out of the Schleswig-Holstein dispute, and retained the good will of both Prussia and Denmark; so he died at peace with all men, though sorely stricken in body, in the year 1859. He was succeeded by his son, Charles XV, who united Sweden and Norway, and reigned till 1872, when the present sovereign ascended the throne.

The duties of reigning are not congenial to Oscar II. He is a poet, a musician and a man of science. He has written many books, some of which are as good as if they had not been written by a king. He wrote a drama in French, which has been played to full houses. He is a corresponding member of the Frankfort Academy of Sciences. His memoir of Charles XII holds a high place in historical literature. His inaugural address to the Rigstad contained some stirring passages.

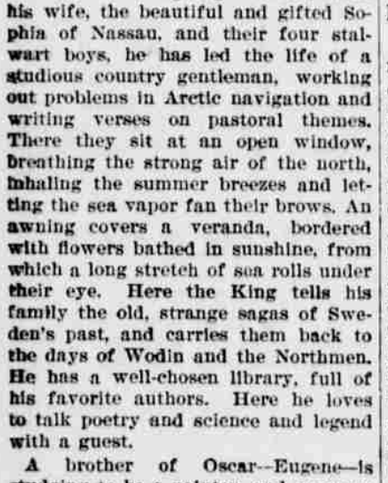
"I am deeply penetrated," said he, "with the sense that the royal crown, which has fallen to me as heir, is not lent to me for mere outer splendor; rather, I know and admit that my responsible, royal mission, of which the crown is a symbol, has been laid upon me to promote the welfare of the brother nations. May these words be my motto: Brodrafolkeno Val!"

The task which fell upon his shoulders was, indeed, one which might have appalled a less intrepid soul. He had to administer the Government of two nations which had been artificially put together in harness, and whose aims and temper are as far apart as the poles. He had to contend against such political foes as Ibsen and Bjornsen. The latter once actually challenged the King to mortal combat. He had to handle three Houses of Parliament—two in Sweden, one in Norway. There has hardly been a day in his reign when he did not need to remind himself of his own apothegm—"A king must ever know how to subordinate all the inclinations of his character, however legitimate, to the exigencies of his political policy."

Whenever he could, Oscar has sought relief from the cares of public business in his country house, in the Sound of Helsingborg. There, with his wife, the beautiful and gifted Sophia of Nassau, and their four stalwart boys, he has led the life of a studious country gentleman, working out problems in Arctic navigation and writing verses on pastoral themes. There they sit at an open window, breathing the strong air of the north, inhaling the summer breezes and letting the sea vapor fan their brows. An awning covers a veranda, bordered with flowers bathed in sunshine, from which a long stretch of sea rolls under their eye. Here the King tells his family the old, strange sagas of Sweden's past, and carries them back to the days of Wodin and the Northmen. He has a well-chosen library, full of his favorite authors. Here he loves to talk poetry and science and legend with a guest.

A brother of Oscar—Eugene—is studying to be a painter, and proposes to establish a studio at Paris. His aunt, the King's sister—Eugenie—is the Lady Bountiful of Sweden; when she failed in obtaining from the Rigstad an appropriation for a work-house which was badly needed she sold her diamonds and put up the building. When the King saw it he cried: "But, Eugenie, where on earth did you get the money to gratify your whim?"

NOT TROUBLED WITH INSOMNIA.



Officer O'Toole—Here, yez git a move an yersilf; yez can't sleep there!

Peaceful Powers—That's al'right, Cap'! Don't yer worry about me; I kin sleep anywhere!—Pick Me Up.

PROPOSED LAWS.

The State board of game commissioners has drafted a general law to take the place of the numerous local and general game acts. The proposed act makes hunting or shooting on Sunday punishable by a fine of $25 for every offense or one day's imprisonment for every dollar of the penalty imposed. It prohibits the killing, wounding, trapping of song birds and the taking or needlessly destroying of nests or eggs of song or wild birds, except for scientific purposes. Certificates may be secured by persons over fifteen years old for the collection of birds, their nests or eggs or game mammals for scientific purposes on payment of a fee of $5 and the filing of a bond of $100 with the board. The English sparrow, kingfisher, cooper's hawk, sharp-skinned hawk, buck hawk, pigeon hawk, great horned owl, red-birds and doves are not protected by the act.

Wild turkey, pheasant, grouse, quail, partridge, woodcock, prairie chicken, English, Mongolian or Chinese pheasants, elk, deer or fawn may be killed from October 15 to December 15. Hunting of deer with dogs and the killing of game for sale or shipment outside the state is punishable by a heavy fine and imprisonment. The act also prohibits the hunting of rabbits with ferrets and the trapping of game birds and animals with snares, blinds, etc. Decoys may be used, though, in hunting ducks, wild geese and brant and quail may be trapped from January 1 to February 15 for protection during the winter. The fines collected under the act are to be covered into the state treasury for the use of the board.

Webster C. Weiss, of Bethlehem, will offer as an amendment to the act a clause to permit artificial hatcheries to sell their trout at any season, provided they are not less than nine inches long and the packages are marked with the name of the owner when shipped. Mr. Weiss will also present a bill limiting ungraded schools to the purchase of apparatus at $15 a school. All such apparatus must be paid for from the fund collected in the year in which the purchase is made.

NEW SCHOOL LEGISLATION.

Chairman Hammond, of the House Education Committee, has several bills which he will ask the committee to approve. "We lack system in our method of conducting country schools." Mr. Hammond said: "The same ground is gone over term after term with no other object than 'getting through the book,' only to have the teacher the next term repeat the same thing. We should have some good system of grades or township supervision arranged and approved by our superintendents. This would prepare the way for higher education and the township and borough high school which is so much needed. The state should give liberal appropriations to high schools and encourage the introduction of manual training by making special appropriations to high schools introducing this branch.

"A longer school term should be required. It is my purpose to do everything I can to have the legislature pass a seven months bill. I also favor a school census biennially. This would enable the educational department to determine the number of children of school age between six and twenty-one years and how many between thirteen and sixteen years are out of school. The compulsory act should be amended to include all children physically and mentally able to attend school between seven and fourteen years and all those between fourteen and sixteen not regularly employed. Restrictions should be thrown about this act to make it more effective and it should be materially strengthened in many points.

"There should be a change in the method of distribution of state appropriations so that the country districts would receive their just share, which they do not get under the present system. Every school district should be required to raise as much money by taxation for school purposes as it receives from the state. This would largely increase the school revenues in the districts that most need it for the good of their schools. It would also enable them to have longer terms and pay better salaries. They should be required to pay female teachers as much as male teachers for the same services rendered."

Catarrh in the Head

Is a dangerous disease. It may lead directly to consumption. Catarrh is caused by impure blood, and the true way to cure it is by purifying the blood. Hood's Sarsaparilla cures catarrh because it removes the cause of it by purifying the blood. Thousands testify that they have been cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Hood's Pills are purely vegetable and do not purge, pain or gripe. All druggists. 25c.

BASE BALL.

Arthur Irwin's Toronto team will play the Athletics at Philadelphia, on April 17 and 19.

Manager Griffin of Scranton, is negotiating for the purchase of Ollie Beard from Rochester, and wants him for field captain.

Base ball bids fair to be more popular in '97 than ever before. Not alone in the larger cities, is the game picking up, but in many smaller towns, great preparations are being made for the opening of the season. We predict a pleasant surprise, financially, for all club owners, this year.

The Pennsylvania State League, will, very likely be composed of eight cities this summer, this organization last season was not very successful. It started the season of '96 with an eight club circuit, but owing to the poor attendance at the games, several members dropped out, but four towns being represented at the finish, namely Carbondale, Hazleton, Pottsville and Reading. The first named winning the pennant.

Up-To-Date Cities.

Nearly Everything Done by Electricity.

The most modern cities of the world are Great Falls, Mon. and Spokane Falls, Wash. They are entitled to the distinction because nearly everything is done by electricity. Not only are the street railways and all the manufacturing establishments operated by the current, but even the houses are lighted and the cooking done by the same agent. Elevators, sewing machines, house heaters, dumb waiters, church organs, pianos, burglar alarms, door bells, chafing dishes, water heaters, hair curlers, sad-irons, washing machines, printing presses, the telegraph, telephone, and in fact, every piece of mechanism that requires external force to propel it is dependent on electricity for motive power.

All this looks as though the spirit of progress had arbitrarily taken up her abode in Great Falls and Spokane, but this is not strictly the case. The modern greatness of the two cities has in a measure been thrust upon them. They could not employ any other motive power if they wanted to. They are so situated that all other sources are unavailable. Coal, for instance, is hardly to be had at any price. The waters of Great Falls and Spokane Falls have been pressed into service and made to operate turbines, which in turn operate electric generators. From these, sufficient electricity is obtained to run every piece of mechanism and light every light in the two cities.—*Ex.*

Your Present Need

Is pure, rich blood, and a strong and healthy body, because with the approach of spring and the beginning of warmer weather your physical system will undergo radical changes. All the impurities which have accumulated during colder weather must now be expelled or serious consequences will result. The one true blood purifier prominently in the public eye today is Hood's Sarsaparilla. Its record of cures is unequalled. Its sales are the largest in the world. A few bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla will prepare you for spring by purifying and enriching your blood and toning and invigorating your whole system.

QUAINT AND CURIOUS.

The hot blast was introduced into furnace use some time between 1832 and 1838.

Lions born in captivity are more dangerous and harder to train than captured ones.

A hale old couple dwell in Walton county, Florida. They are Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Campbell. His age is 117 years, and hers 112.

A man at Bowling Green, Fla., recently paid a fine of $5 and costs for swearing at a schoolmaster who whipped his boy at School.

A recently patented marking brush has a reservoir in the handle to hold the marking fluid, discharging it through a tube to the center of the bristles.

Milk tickets have been denounced as carriers of diphtheria by the health officer of South Bend, Ind., where a number of cases of the disease were traced to a patient in a milk peddler's family.

The jet mines of England seem to yield less and less of that material. Ten years ago as much as 4,670 pounds were raised; last year only 168 pounds formed the total of the production.

The adjutant general in his report says that this state could get together 839,528 men who are capable of shouldering a musket and fighting for the country. This will furnish some idea of the great army we could raise, if it was necessary. We would have more men than all the transportation facilities of all the other countries combined could bring against us.

Hall's Vegetable Sicilian Hair Renewer has restored gray hair to its original color and prevented baldness in thousands of cases. It will do so to you.

COURT HOUSE NEWS.

The Court House officials were very busy all week, owing to the regular term of Court, the attendance at which was unusually large.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

The following marriage licenses have been issued by Prothonotary Henrie during the last week.

Anthony Kane, of Centralia, to Miss Kate Monahan, of the same place.

Dallas Strauser, of Catawissa, to Miss Annie Hower, of the same place.

Charles H. Jacobs, of Espy, to Miss Lizzie E. Deitz, of the same place.

Henry C. Crawford, of Mt. Pleasant township, to Miss Jessie L. Crawford, of the same place.

Lloyd Bender, of Stillwater, to Miss Susie Beishline, of Bendertown.

One True Ghost Story.

This is a true ghost story of an unconventional kind. A young lady arrived late at night on a visit to a friend. She awoke in the darkness to find a white figure at the foot of the bed. While she watched the bedclothes were suddenly whisked off and the apparition vanished. After an anxious, not to say chilly, night, the visitor went down with little appetite for breakfast. At the table she was introduced to a gentleman, a very old friend of the family, who had, she learned, also been sleeping in the house. He complained of the cold. "I hope you will excuse me," he said to his hostess, "but I found it so cold during the night that, knowing the room next mine was unoccupied, I took the liberty of going in and carrying off the bedclothes to supplement my own." The room, as it happened, was not unoccupied, but he never learned his mistake.—*Sketch.*

HAPPINESS FOR THOUSANDS.

The Remarkable Offer of a Great Newspaper to Everybody, Old and Young.

"The Philadelphia Press," in accordance with its policy of always keeping abreast of the times, announces a departure which is certain to attract widespread attention by reason of its novelty and to bring happiness to thousands. It is the establishment of a premium department through which men and women, boys and girls, schools, churches, clubs and societies can get, free of cost, the things they have been wanting for years, but have been unable to buy. The range of gifts which "The Philadelphia Press" proposes to give free to those who will make a little effort is so great, that it embraces almost everything, useful and ornamental, which anybody can wish for. The project even includes the payment by "The Press" of the expenses of a course in any college or university for any number of ambitious young men and women. The whole plan is described in "The Philadelphia Press" Premium List, which can be obtained free from any agent for "The Press" or will be sent by mail to any person who will send two two-cent stamps to "The Press" Premium Department, Philadelphia.

How a Letter May Be Recalled.

The public is not as familiar with its privileges about postal matters as might be supposed, says the Boston *Transcript.* Many times people would like to recall a letter after it has been mailed. This can be done, even if the letter has reached the postoffice of its destination. At every postoffice there are what are called "withdrawal blanks." On application they will be furnished, and when a deposit is made to cover the expense, the postmaster will telegraph to the postmaster at the letter's destination asking that it be promptly returned. The applicant first signs this agreement: "It is hereby agreed that, if the letter is returned to me, I will protect you from any and all claims made against you for such return and will fully indemnify you for any loss you may sustain by reason of such action. And I herewith deposit $— to cover all expenses incurred and will deliver to you the envelope of the letter returned." In many cases persons have made remittances to fraudulent parties or irresponsible firms, not learning their true character until after the letter had gone, and have succeeded in recalling them.

"BONE-RACKING GRIP."

O. F. Spring, Publisher of the Preston "Times," Ia., writes:—"Your remedy '77' for Grip relieved myself and mother from the worst 'bone-racking' cases of Grip that we ever had, and in mother's case it saved a doctor's bill of about $10.00. The investment has brought returns that I little expected." Dr. Humphrey's Homeopathic Manual of Diseases at your druggists, or mailed free. A small bottle of pleasant pellets, fits the vest pocket. Sold by druggists, or sent on receipt of 25c, or five for $100. Humphreys' Medicine Co., Cor. William & John Sts., New York.

THE HEALTH MAGAZINE

For July, 1896, says:

"A very large class of intelligent and right-thinking people throughout the world are ready to testify to the nutritive properties of WALTER BAKER & COMPANY'S Breakfast Cocoa. The food value of this article has so long been known to physicians and the public that it has become in a great many homes a staple article of the dietary, not only for invalids, but for persons in health as well."

Consumers should ask for, and be sure that they get, the genuine Walter Baker & Co.'s goods, made at DORCHESTER, MASS.

WALTER BAKER & CO., Ltd., Dorchester, Mass.

ALEXANDER BROTHERS & CO.

DEALERS IN

Cigars, Tobacco, Candies, Fruits and Nuts

SOLE AGENTS FOR

Henry Maillard's Fine Candies. Fresh Every Week.

PENNY GOODS A SPECIALTY.

SOLE AGENTS FOR

F. F. Adams & Co's Fine Cut Chewing Tobacco

Sole agents for the following brands of Cigars

Henry Clay, Londres, Normal, Indian Princess, Samson, Silver Ash

Bloomsburg Pa.

Prices Low and Good Work.

For the finest and best stoves, tinware, roofing, spouting and general job work, go to W. W. Watts, on Iron street. Buildings heated by steam, hot air or hot water in a satisfactory manner. Sanitary Plumbing a specialty.

I have the exclusive control of the Thatcher steam, hot water and hot air heaters for this territory, which is acknowledged to be the best heater on the market. All work guaranteed.

W. W. WATTS,

IRON STREET. **Bloomsburg, Pa.**

10-28-1y

SHOES SHOES

We buy right and sell right.

OUR SUCCESS IS BASED ON THIS FACT.

Honest trading has won us hosts of customers but we want more. We are selling good shoes, so good you ought to see them. Drop in and we will make it pay you.

CORNER IRON AND MAIN STS. **W. H. Moore.**

IF YOU ARE IN NEED OF

CARPET, MATTING, or OIL CLOTH,

YOU WILL FIND A NICE LINE AT

W. H. BROWER'S

2nd Door above Court House.

A large lot of Window Curtains in stock.

"Where dirt gathers, waste rules."

Great saving results from the use of

SAPOLIO

ASK FOR THE BOOKLET ON "LIGHT" AND

Burn Crown Acme Oil.

GIVES THE BEST LIGHT IN THE WORLD AND IS ABSOLUTELY SAFE

FOR SALE BY

THE ATLANTIC REFINING CO.

FASHION NOTES.

Wraps of black velvet are lined with brocade, embroidered with jet and finished with a collar of white or gray fur.

Opera garments are of velvet, brocade, velveteen, lampas and glace silks with fur, lace, chiffon and trimmings of bead embroidery.

In broche designs cloudy, zig-zag effects prevail in crosswise style. One pretty gauze ribbon has embroidered flowers on the surface.

Entire costumes of rich brown velveteen have vests of yellow broadcloth, satin or cloth of gold, with additional trimming of marten, mink or sable.

Even the conservative British maiden is taking to red gowns. Ladies' cloth in deep jacqueminot will be very fashionable for skirts this winter, with Louis XVI. coats of black velvet.

White glace kid embroidered in black silk, spangles and jet beads is the latest trimming used as vests, revers, cuffs and high collars. On a bolero, Eton jacket or blouse of the glossy broadtail fur this is considered very handsome.

Two colors of ribbon, for instance, cerise and yellow, pink and green, etc., are used for the belts of ball gowns. The cerisette and aubepine shades are lovely on gowns of gold-embroidered white tulle.

The glittering coat-of-mail appearance is in vogue for full-dress toilette. The bodice of one very attractive costume is of shot apricot and rose silk, covered with white net, studded with silver spangles.

The loose cloaks and circular designs are of miroir velvet in dark red, sapphire, violet and rich old rose shades, with ermine or Thibet fur. These garments are lined with plain or broche satin.

The newest ribbons are of striped gauze, with satin edges. The color scheme calls for a light-colored ground, as white, straw, cream, pink or maize, with the edge in a darker tone, as brown, black or marine.

Vests of cherry pink, grass green or orange velvet covered nearly to the centre by a jabot of rich yellowish lace are used in jacket waists of black velveteen. The collar and waists are lace ruffled, and the corselet is of black velveteen or satin. These bodices are exceedingly smart.

Lace ruffles finish the revers of Parisian home gowns of flowered or striped silk; frills at the back of the collar, mingled with ribbon and ruffles at the wrist, are also of this lace. Two puffs of silk with a ruffle of lace between constitute the sleeves, and the design of the gown is Watteau in the back, princess in front.

Skirts that are finely pleated are again the mode for ball costumes in Paris and London, and this fact will delight the manufacturers and shopkeepers, at all events. Satins, as well as sheer materials, are used in this manner, each pleat widening at the lower edge. Rhinestone buckles hold in place the fullness of the odd waists, which are of draped chiffon or silk mull.

LET HOUSEWIVES REMEMBER

That a steady heat for baking cannot be expected from a stove that is imperfectly cleaned and choked with clinkers. Too often the cook blames the stove for imperfect work, when the fault lies in her own neglect to put it in baking or cooking order.

That when copper is very much tarnished, or coated with verdigris, diluted oxalic acid, in the proportion of a tablespoonful of the acid to a quart of water, will clean it more quickly than anything else.

That when a knob comes off a door handle it can be fastened on again by filling the cavity in the knob with sulphur; then heat the iron end of the handle, which goes in the knob, just hot enough to melt the sulphur; put the knob in and let it cool and it will be firmly fixed in its place.

Cranberry Pudding.

Make a thick batter by stirring powdered cracker crumbs into cranberry sauce. Baking powder should have first been mixed with the cracker crumbs in a slightly greater proportion than for biscuit. The batter must be as thick as can be easily stirred with a spoon. Have ready some buttered teacups, and after sweetening to taste put a large spoonful of batter in each teacup, arrange them in your steamer, cover closely, and let them steam half an hour. Then serve your red pudding with sweetened cream flavored with nutmeg.

Royalty in the Public Schools.

Hitherto, writes a Berlin correspondent, the daughters of royalty have never been educated in public schools, although princes in Germany usually are, as was the case even with the reigning Emperor. The first exception is the six-year-old daughter of Prince Frederick of Saxe-Meiningen, a niece of the Emperor, Carola by name. She has become the inmate of one of the largest and best-known Berlin schools for "higher daughters" (as they call it here), and is to remain there during the next twelve years.

Cleaning Silverware, Etc.

Silver and plated articles should be placed about ten minutes in the hot water in which potatoes have been boiled (with salt), and then be rubbed with a woolen rag, and rinsed in pure water, when the articles will not only be free from tarnish, but perfectly bright. Potato-water that has become sour by standing several days answers still better, and is also excellent for cleaning articles of steel and glass water-bottles.

Exacts Receipts.

A woman visiting in Ireland was delighted with a certain hot cake served at breakfast, says the American Kitchen Magazine. From the native cook of her hostess, she duly got the receipt: "You must take more than you'd think of flour, ma'am, just what you'd know of butter, the slightest taste in life of baking powder, and the fill of the small jug of milk."

A member of the New York Stock Exchange for forty years, who recently retired, paid $300 for his seat in 1856. Now it is worth $19,000.

The English Government is now furnishing relief to nearly two million people in India without materially checking the progress of famine and plague.

The State of Maine gives employment to a photographer who devotes his time to securing enticing views of the sporting regions of the state and distributing them broadcast throughout the rest of the Union as advertisements.

Prince Eugene, the youngest son of King Oscar of Sweden and Norway, has invited American artists to contribute to and take part in an international exhibition of paintings and sculpture, which is to be held in Stockholm during the coming spring.

The chief proofreader of the London Times is a Cambridge graduate, who has a salary of £100, or $500; but then he is a great scholar, not only in the English language, but in all ancient and other tongues, not excepting Asiatic ones. He is permitted to query and suggest excisions or additions to the work of writers and editors.

Officers of national banks have received notice from Comptroller Eckels that in the future the Directors as well as the officers must sign the reports made by the examiners concerning the condition of the banks. This is intended to make Directors more efficient and responsible for the operation of the institutions they are supposed to control.

In soliciting the prayers of a Maine congregation for an absent brother whose whereabouts were not known the solicitor admonished the suppliants that they "needn't pray below Bangor." To set a geographical bound to the operation of prayer is not in accordance with theological ideas of its efficacy, but almost at the same time that the chaplain of the South Carolina Legislature was invoking divine intervention to arrest the practice of lynching, a Louisiana mob of Amite City was engaged in killing three negroes whom they had forced from the custody of the local jailer.

A London correspondent writes that Mark Twain, who a couple of years thought himself a rich man, is to-day worse than penniless. Since his return from Africa a few months ago he has been living in very modest lodgings in London, going nowhere and seeing but one or two friends, working all day and every day at a history of his trip around the world. With the proceeds of this book he hopes to be able to pay off his creditors and leave something for his family. Mark Twain lost practically everything when Webster & Co. failed, and the lecture trip around the world which he undertook with the hope of retrieving his fortunes did not turn out a financial success.

Farms in England are selling at a ruinous reduction of their former value, and in many cases cannot be sold at all. Many properties within two hours' ride of London are deserted. Recently at the sale of Langdon Abbey 639 acres of land, with farmhouse, stabling, homestead and seven modern cottages, only realized £5,700, or less than £9 per acre. Fifteen years ago the property was valued at over £20,000, and four years ago it was mortgaged for £14,000. In Essex County, within a day's walk of the Bank of England, a farm which in 1875 rented for £400 has for the last five years rented for £1 per annum, the occupant paying the taxes, amounting to about £150. In many cases farms have been sold for less than one-tenth of their value twenty years ago. Well-to-do farmers are abandoning the business and going to the colonies or to cities to start life anew.

The word "flyer" as commonly used is understood to mean a speculation in something which unites the possibility of gratifying returns with recognized and somewhat imminent hazard of the loss of the investment. A bill now before the House of Representatives invites Uncle Sam to take a flyer in no less uncertain a speculation than flying machines. It provides for the appropriation of $40,000 to be divided equally between Professor Langley, of the Smithsonian Institute, and Mr. James Seldon Cowden, of Fairfax County, Virginia; $20,000 to be used by Professor Langley in experiments in aerial navigation and in the construction of aeroplanes, and a like sum by Mr. Cowden for experiments in aerial navigation and the construction of air-navigating machines. The bill proposes the expenditure of $20,000 more in the experiments of the same nature by the Chief Signal Officer, under direction of the Secretary of War, and it provides that any airship built with the moneys appropriated shall be property of the government for purposes of defense.

MUST LAND BEFORE JULY 1.

Steamship companies are now sending out the following notices to all their agents: "Congress has just enacted a law prohibiting emigrants who cannot read and write their native language from landing in the United States after July 1, 1897. You will therefore notify all purchasers of prepaid tickets that their relatives and friends who cannot read and write their own language must sail from * * * in time to land here before July 1. As steamers by all lines are likely to be full in May, advise them to sail at once." A number of the above notices have been received at Ashland.

ANNUAL STATEMENT

OF

BLOOM POOR DISTRICT,

for the year ending January 4, 1897.

JOHN K. GROTZ, Treasurer.

DR.

To balance on hand at last settlement	$ 948 41	
Cash from all sources	5556 23	$6504 64

CR.

By old orders paid	28 67	
" new orders paid	5921 61	
" Note paid	300 00	
" commission 2 per cent	125 00	6375 28
Balance on hand		$ 129 36

RECAPITULATION OF MONEYS RECEIV'D.

J. M. Rote, collector	$ 215 88
D. S. Patterson, collector	493 79
S. N Smith, collector	299 30
C. E. Hartman, collector	674 59
John K. Bittenbender, col	2301 81
W. W. Kester	91 50
Self	37 65
Farm produce	429 47
Discounts	787 91
County	43 69
Cook wages	11 64
Returned by Gibbons family	10 00
Mary Long settlement	198 00
	$5556 23

IN ACCOUNT WITH COLLECTORS.

J. K. Bittenbender, col. 1895 amt. duplicate	$ 3363 35	
Amt. paid	2438 76	
Amt. due		$ 924 59
J. K. Bittenbender, col. 1896 duplicate	3448 59	
Amt. paid	1200	
Amt. due		2248 59
C. E. Hartman, col. 1896 duplicate	$ 769 01	
Paid August 25	235	
Amt. due		$ 534 01
D. S. Patterson, col. 1896 duplicate	$ 557 29	
Amt. paid	220	
Amt. due		$ 337 29
J. M. Rote, col. 1896 duplicate	$ 279 37	
Amt. paid	165 23	
Amt. due		$ 44 14
J. M. Smith, col. 1896 duplicate	$ 284 38	
Amt. paid	122 30	
Amt. due		$ 162 08
Amt. due less ex. and com.		4360 70

EXPENSE ACCOUNT.

DANVILLE STATE HOSPITAL.

Geo. Fox 52 2-7 weeks @ $1.75	$ 91 50	
Jesse Kelly 52 2-7 " " "	91 50	
L. Z. Kahler 52 2-7 " " "	91 50	
Alza Sterner 52 2-7 " " "	91 50	
Carrie Turrell 52 2-7 " " "	91 50	
J. W. Osman 52 2-7 " " "	91 50	
N. W. Kester 52 2-7 " " "	91 50	
	$ 640 50	

SALARIES AND FEES.

Dr. Christain	50 00
" E. H. Smith	25 00
" Wackenhuth	9 60
" Shultz	15 90
" Clark	1 00
" Bruner	18 60
" Harter	5 00
" Rutter	100 40
Isaiah Hagenbuch	81 25
O. T. Wilson	81 25
M. H. Rhodes	81 25
Thos. Webb	100 00
E. A. Kline	650 01
W. H. Snyder	77 75
R. R. Little	25 00
Chas Lee settlement in full for damages	50 00
	$ 1366 41

EXPENSES OF ALMSHOUSE.

Provisions and supplies	595 69
Fuel and light	161 88
Clothing and shoes	60 26
Furniture and bedding	6 50
Dry goods	15 89
Medical supplies	17 49
Blacksmithing	33 92
Harness repairs	10 35
Wagon and implements	45 15
Hardware	137 61
W. O. Holmes, repairs	17 56
Extracting teeth	2 50
Tobacco	22 11
Lime	72 56
Manure	39 75
Phosphate	52 10
Weighing	60
Insurance on buildings	72 60
Surveying	2 50
Clearing new ground	161 00
Building new fence	59 63
1 brood sow	10 00
1 hog	5 00
Cider barrels	4 50
Fruit trees	25 00
Seed potatoes, plants, &c	15 80
C. W. Trump 1 plow and points	14 30
W. J. White 1 land roller, 1 plow, &c	41 65
N. J. Engelhart, 1 set hay ladders	10 00
Isaiah Howell, use of binder to cut hay vest	11 25
Morden & Kline, making cider	3 54
W. H. Brower, carpet	13 75
	$1452 44

OUTSIDE RELIEF

Stacy Wolliver	61 86
Gibbons family	74 06
Daniel Reardow	1 50
Mrs. Remley	3 00
Mrs. Burnett	39 50
Mrs. Reynolds	92 00
Jacob Adams	77 38
Mrs. Albright	12 25
Mrs. Whitmer	7 50
Geo. Samuels	66 00
C. Creveling	55 00
W. Ingold	3 00
Abbie Evans	73 10
Chas. Diggs	3 35
A. Ritch	6 00
Mrs. Brewer	18 50
E. Lenard	7 76
O. P. Swisher	8 95
Hester Bomboy	5 25
Mrs. Hutchins	1 10
Jno. Shaffer	99 59
T. E. Swisher	7 25
David Renner	71 25
Daniel Ball	12 00
Wm. Carter	6 00
Geo. Ivey	68 25
J. Martz	1 50
Edward Ryan	4 00
J. A. Hower	6 55
Mrs. Hildebrandt	6 15
Mrs. Harleigh	12 00
Chas. Hall	2 00
Ann Muffley	3 00
Anna Eckenroth	1 75
W. Splain	2 00
Mrs Johnson	7 50
Mrs. Printz	1 40
Mrs. Rimard	29 00
Jno. Henson	2 00
Henry Swisher	5 13
W. D. Golder	4 00
J. Magill	3 50
Mary Long	14 93
Mrs. Shoemaker	5 00
Jane Williams	2 15
Mrs. Campbell	17 75
Chas. Cook	7 00
Roy Long	9 50
Luke Rhone	3 25
Robt. Long	9 50
A. Y. Hess	7 85
Mrs Sarah Long	14 72
Mrs. Green	4 25
Roy Cadow	5 87
Mrs. Correll	7 25
Mrs. Jones	14 85
A. N. Yohe	4 00
Long's boy	3 27
Gordon boy	2 57
Fishingcreek Poor Dist. for S. Welliver	9 00
R. R. tickets and meals for tramps	98 00
	$ 1129 38

SUNDRY EXPENSES.

Traveling expenses	22 04
Orders of relief to different persons	39 00
Printing	69 35
Stationery	2 45
Postage	7 88
Clothing for Geo. Evans at Elwyn Ins't	20 00
Expenses for sending Maurice Mathews (boy bitten by mad dog) to Pasteur's Ins't	226 25
Funeral expenses of Jacob Adams	23 50
Comn for Mrs. Lloyd	15 00
Settlement in full with Windham Poor Dist	490 24
Settlement in full with Milton Poor District	93 42
W. H. Thomas, sawing lumber	11 67
P. A. Kline, paid sundry small bills	15 40
Expenses of hail and wind storms, work and material	534 34
	$ 1570 94
	$ 6159 67

The undersigned auditors of the Bloom Poor District, having examined the foregoing accounts of the District for the year 1896, find them correct as above set forth, and so approve them.

BOYD TRESCOTT,
O. M. HESS,
I. A. DeWITT,
J. E. WHITE,
PETER H. FREEZE } Auditors.

PRODUCTS OF FARM FOR 1896.

238 bushels wheat		214 20
120 " rye		48 00
804 " oats		201 00
1410 " corn ears		246 75
66 " buckwheat		26 40
25 " sweet corn		20 00
180 " potatoes		45 00
2 " onions		1 00
3 " beans		3 00
3 " beets		1 50
14 tons hay		196 00
1600 lbs. pork		80 00
450 " lard		31 50
400 " beef		20 00
300 " butter		48 00
50 doz. eggs		7 50
16 shoats		48 00
1 heifer		20 00
2860 sheaves corn fodder		75 80
		$ 1333 65

LOSS BY STORMS.

350 bushels buckwheat	150 00
200 " corn ears	35 00
100 " oats	25 00
300 " apples	60 00
10 " beets	2 50
200 sheaves corn fodder	6 00
1 hog	5 00
40 turkeys	40 00
100 chickens	25 00
1500 heads cabbage	30 00
1000 stalks celery	10 00
40 loads pumpkins	25 00
30 tons of ice, no charge	
	$ 393 50

VALUE OF REAL AND PERSONAL PROPERTY.

Balance on Bloom dup. 1895	924 59
" " " " 1896	2248 59
" " Scott " 1896	534 01
" " Gre'nwood dup. '96.	337 29
" " Millville " "	44 14
" " Sugarloaf " "	162 08
	$ 4270 70
Farm and buildings	12700 00
4 horses	450 00
5 cows	125 00
1 heifer	20 00
1 bull	30 00
11 sheep	35 00
3 brood sows	30 00
12 shoats	25 00
5 turkeys	5 00
100 chickens	25 00
150 bushels wheat	142 00
72 " rye	28 80
500 " corn ears	87 50
6 tons hay	84 00
1400 sheaves corn fodder	2 00
100 bushels potatoes	25 00
400 lbs beef	20 00
1600 " pork	80 00
450 " lard	31 50
17 tons coal	51 00
20 acres wheat in ground	100 00
15 " rye " "	60 00
Furniture in almshouse	250 00
" " Stewards house	250 00
Farm'g implements, wagons &c	723 00
	$14632 93

OCCUPANTS OF ALMSHOUSE.

Number of paupers at last report	10	
Admitted during year	25	
		35
Discharged during year	20	
Remaining at end of year	15	
		35
Number from Bloom	5	
" " Greenwood	7	
" " Scott	1	
" " Sugarloaf	1	
" " Millville	1	
		15

ISAIAH HAGENBUCH,
O. T. WILSON,
M. H. RHODES,
Directors

ADMINISTRATRIX NOTICE.

Estate of Henry Earl Hess, late of Scott township, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of Henry Earl Hess, late of Scott township, deceased, have been granted to the undersigned administratrix, to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payments, and those having claims or demands will make known the same without delay to

MRS. MARY ANGLE,
Administratrix

1-14-6t

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of James Johnson, late of Madison township, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of James Johnson, late of Madison township, deceased, have been granted to the undersigned administrator de bonis non cum testamento annexo, to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payments, and those having claims or demands will make known the same without delay to

Snyder, Atty. — WILLIAM JOHNSON, *Admr. d. b. n. c. t. a. Jerseytown, Pa.*

1-7-6t.

FARM FOR RENT.

The Girard estate offers for rent

ON EASY TERMS

Its Farm No. 6, situate at the eastern end of the Catawissa Valley, within a short distance of the towns of Mahanoy City and Shenandoah, which are among the best markets in the State for farm produce. There are

50 ACRES OF CLEARED LAND

on the farm, new and commodious buildings, with water brought in pipes from mountain springs to both house and barn. There is a good opening for the right party.

For further particulars apply to

HEBER S. THOMPSON,
ENGINEER GIRARD ESTATE,
POTTSVILLE, PA.

or E. C. WAGNER,
ASST. SUPT. GIRARD ESTATE,
1-7-2m. GIRARDVILLE, PA.

EXCHANGE HOTEL,
G. SNYDER, Proprietor,
(Opposite the Court House)
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Large and convenient sample rooms. Bath rooms, hot and cold water, and all modern conveniences

G. M. QUICK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office over First National Bank.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

N. U. FUNK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Mrs. Ent's Building, Court House Alley,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

A. L. FRITZ,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Post Office Building, 2nd floor,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

C. W. MILLER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Wirt's Building, 2nd floor,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

JOHN G. FREEZE. JOHN G. HARMAN
FREEZE & HARMAN,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Offices: Centre St., first door below Opera House

GEO. E. ELWELL,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Columbian Building, 2nd floor,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

WM. H MAGILL,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office in Peacock's building, Market Square.

W. H. SNYDER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Office 2nd floor Mrs. Ents building,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

ROBERT R. LITTLE,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Columbian Building, 2nd floor,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

H. V. WHITE. A. N. YOST
WHITE & YOST
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW
Wirt Building, Court House Square,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

H. A. McKILLIP.
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Columbian Building, 2nd Floor.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

RALPH R. JOHN,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Hartman Building, Market Square,
Bloomsburg, Pa.

IKELER & IKELER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Office back of Farmers' National Bank.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

R. RUSH ZARR,
—ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.—
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office in Clark's Block, corner of 2nd and Centre Streets, 1-12-'94

W. A. EVERT,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
(Office over Alexander & Co. Wirt building.

EDWARD J. FLYNN,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
CENTRALIA, PA.
Office Liddicot building, Locust avenue.

JOHN M. CLARK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW AND JUSTICE OF THE PEACE,
Moyer Bros. Building, 2nd floor,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

J. H. MAIZE,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE AGENT.
Office in Lockard's Building.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

B. FRANK ZARR,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Clark's Building, cor. Main and Centre Sts.,
BLOOMSBURG, Pa.
Can be consulted in German.

W. H. RHAWN,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Office, corner of Third and Main Streets,
CATAWISSA, PA.

DR. J. C. RUTTER,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
Office, North Market Street,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

J. S. JOHN, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office and residence, 410 Main St.,
7-30-1y BLOOMSBURG, PA.

SPECIAL ATTENTION TO DISEASES OF CHILDREN
H. BIERMAN, M. D.
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON
OFFICE HOURS: Office & Residence, 4th St.,
Until 9 A. M.,
1 to 2 and 7 to 8 P. M. BLOOMSBURG, PA

S. B. ARMENT, M. D.
Office and Residence No. 18, West Fifth St
DISEASES OF THE THROAT AND NOSE A SPECIALTY
OFFICE HOURS: 8 to 10 A.M. 2 to 4 P. M. 7 to 9 P. M. BLOOMSBURG PA.

DR. ANDREW GRAYDON,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office and residence in Prof. Waller's House.
MARKET STREET
TELEPHONE.

HONORA A. ROBBINS, M. D.
Office, West First Str
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Special attention given to the eye & the fitting of glasses.

DR. F. W. REDEKER,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
Office and Residence, Centre St., between 4th and 5th Sts.
Diseases of the ear, nose and throat a specialty.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
OFFICE HOURS: 8 to 10 a. m. 1 to 3 p. m. 7 to 9 p. m.

J. J. BROWN, M. D.,
Market Street. BLOOMSBURG, Pa.
THE EYE A SPECIALTY.
Eyes treated, tested, fitted with glasses and Artificial Eyes supplied.
Hours 10 to 4. Telephone Connection

DR. M. J. HESS,
DENTISTRY
IN ALL ITS
BRANCHES,
Crown and bridge work
—A—
SPECIALTY,
Corner Main and Centre Streets,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.,

DR. W. H. HOUSE,
SURGEON DENTIST,
Office, Barton's Building, Main below Market
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
All styles of work done in a superior manner, and all work warranted as represented.
TEETH EXTRACTED WITHOUT PAIN,
by the use of Gas, and free of charge when artificial teeth are inserted.
To be open all hours during the day.

DR. C. S. VAN HORN,
—DENTIST.—
Office corner of East and Main streets, opposite Town Hall.
Office hours 8:30 to 12 a. m; 2 to 5 p. m.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

C. WATSON McKELVY,
FIRE INSURANCE AGENT.
(Successor to B. F. Hartman
Represents twelve of the strongest Companies in the world, among which are:

	CASH CAPITAL.	TOTAL ASSETS.	SURPLUS OVER ALL.
Franklin of Phila.	$400,000	$3,198,529	$1,000,808
Penn'a, Phila.	400,000	3,825,160	1,419,555
Queen, of N. Y.	500,000	3,528,915	1,021,623
Westchester, N. Y.	300,000	1,753,307	426,738
N. America, Phila.	3,000,000	9,730,689	2,564,738

OFFICE IN I. W. McKELVY'S STORE.
Losses promptly adjusted and paid.

M. P. LUTZ & SON,
(SUCCESSORS TO FREAS BROWN)
INSURANCE AND REAL ESTATE AGENTS AND BROKERS.
N. W. Corner Main and Centre. Streets,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Represent Seventeen as good Companies as there are in the World and all losses promptly adjusted and paid at their Office.

CHRISTIAN F. KNAPP,
FIRE INSURANCE,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Home, of N. Y.; Merchants of Newark, N. J.; Clinton, N. Y.; Peoples', N. Y.; Reading, Pa; German American Ins. Co., New York; Greenwich Insurance Co., New York; Jersey City Fire Ins. Co., Jersey City, N. J.
These old corporations are well seasoned by age and fire tested, and have never yet had a loss settled by any court of law. Their assets are all invested in solid securities, and liable to the hazard of fire only.
Losses promptly and honestly adjusted and paid as soon as determined, by Christian F. Knapp, Special Agent and Adjuster, Bloomsburg, Pa.
The people of Columbia county should patronize the agency where losses, if any, are settled and paid by one of their own citizens.

CENTRAL HOTEL,
B. Stohner, Prop. C. F. Stohner, Assistant.
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Large and convenient sample rooms. Hot and cold water, and all modern conveniences. The hotel has been lately refurnished.

CITY HOTEL,
W. A. Hartzel, Prop. Peter F. Reidy, Manager
No. 121 West Main Street,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Large and convenient sample rooms, bath rooms, hot and cold water, and modern conveniences. Bar stocked with best wines and liquors. First-class livery attached.

JANUARY SHOE SALE.

During this month we offer at one-quarter to one-half off on all odd pairs and broken lots of shoes in our stock. You no doubt can find your size in some of the lots which includes men's, women's and children's.

W. C. McKinney.

THE COLUMBIAN.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

SALES.

FEB. 27. J. D. and W. K. Armstrong, administrators of Chas. P. Armstrong, deceased, will sell at auction on the premises of D. W. Armstrong in Bloomsburg, at 9.30 a. m. horses, cows, wagons, harness, farm implements, household goods, canned goods, stoves, &c.

The 19th Semi Annual Convention of the Columbia Co. Woman's Christian Union will be held in the Lutheran Church, Bloomsburg, Thursday and Friday, Feb. 18 and 19. On the evening of Friday, Mrs. A. M. Holney will deliver her popular lecture "A Wedge of Gold." The Loyal Temperance Legion will give an entertainment on Thursday evening. Everybody welcome to all sessions. Lecture free.

Jeff Davis as a Prisoner.

While Jefferson Davis was a prisoner at Fortress Monroe he was guarded by Second Lieutenant Upham, since governor of Wisconsin, says the Detroit *Tribune*. The two were on friendly terms, as Davis was interested in Wisconsin men and matters. While a young man he had crossed that state twice from Milwaukee to Prarie du Chien, and once from Fort Howard to the same place, using only Indian trails and becoming very familiar with the different tribes. Governor Upham says that he was much struck by his prisoner's wonderful memory. In a corner of his casemate in the fortress Davis had a pile of newspaper clippings two feet high, made up in large part of articles about himself taken from northern journals. He was always treated with great courtesy, was never put in chains, as has been asserted, and Mrs. Davis was allowed to come and go as she would.

NEWS ITEMS.

—Over two thousand people attended a rally of the Y. M. C. A. at Danville last week.

—The citizens of Williamsport will hold a mass meeting to protest against the high rates charged by the Water company of that city.

—Two men fell from a scaffolding and were killed at Miner's Mills last week.

The Clearfield county commissioners have fixed the compensation of Treasurer at one per cent. for disbusing county funds. Under this ruling the office will pay about $1.700 instead of $6,000 or $7,000 per year as formerly.

—The Pennsylvania superior court decided that tree owners have some rights. The employes of the telegraph company which had a line crossing the land of Dr. John Marshall, in Bucks couuty, entered upon that land to add new cross bars and wires to the poles. To facilitate such additions they cut down a number of fine shade trees growing on Dr. Marshall's place. The men were arrested, and for this wanton destruction were fined $50 each, and in default of payment, to imprisonment for fifty days. The superior court affirmed the sentence.

For Sale.

A desirable house and lot. Corner lot about 50 x 80 feet, beautiful location, all modern improvements; will be sold at once. Cheap for cash, or part down and balance to suit the purchaser; or part in exchange for other property.
For further information call on S. D. Neyhard, Building, Loan and Real Estate Agent, over First National Bank, Bloomsburg, Pa. 11-15 tf.

A Desirable Business Place For Sale.

The large three story brick store building lately occupied by J. R. Schuyler & Co., as a hardware store for sale on reasonable terms by J. H. Maize Esq., Attorney. Office Lockard building corner Main and Centre streets. tf.

Real good property in Espy for sale cheap. It is a desirable residence, large lot, and plenty of fruit. Apply to J. H Maize Esq.

FOR RENT—House, second door east of Geo. S. Lockard's, East 1st. Street. Cheap. Inquire at this office. tf.

A Good Cosmetic.

With many French and German ladies the cucumber is a sovereign cosmetic. They buy cold cream, beat it on a plate until soft, and drop in the juice of a boiled cucumber.

Milk is a very valuable cosmetic, and may be used freely to bathe the face in.

Lanoline cream, which is considered excellent as an emollient for the skin, may be made as follows: Obtain half a pint of lanoline and half a pint of pure oil of sweet almonds. Then, putting a tablespoonful on a china plate, add an equal quantity of almond oil; mix thoroughly, and add from half a teaspoonful of tincture of benzoin, until the paste drips from the knife—a steel caseknife is best for the mixing process—in about the consistency of very thick cream. All three of these ingredients are absolutely harmless. It should be rubbed in at night.

For Feather Beds.

An unusual way of treating a feather bed is as follows: Place it upon a piazza roof, if one is at hand, or, if not upon several boards, so as to raise it from the ground. Leave it exposed to the drenching rain until it is thoroughly soaked, then turn the bed several times. Dry it in the sun, turning first one side and then the other. When one side is perfectly dry, beat it up with sticks until perfectly light, and so on, until the bed is in perfect condition.

Change in Skirts.

The difference between last season's skirts and those of the latest models is more noticeable in the trimmings than in the shapes; yet there is much less fullness between the extreme of fashion then and now. Tucks, bands of velvet, braids, ribbon ruches, and flounces decorate the new skirt in various ways, but the attempt to bring draped skirts into favor has not yet met much success.

Ham Patties.

Chop bits of boiled ham very fine (those unfit for slicing). To this add for one pint of meat, one cup of bread crumbs, one teaspoonful white pepper one saltspoonful celery, one-half cup milk. Mix, fill patty pans and bake twenty minutes.

Lemon Flavoring.

If you need only to use the juice of lemons, cut off as thinly as possible their yellow rind, put it into a wide-mouthed bottle, covered with gin or brandy, fill up from time to time; this will give as good a flavor as essence of lemon.

Send for a copy of Tasker's Beautiful Song "Gone Forever". The very latest. Pronounced by critics to be the prettiest song ever written. Price 40 cts. At music stores, or sent upon receipt of price by David J. Tasker, Bloomsburg, Pa. tf.

HOW TO FIND OUT.

Fill a bottle or common water glass with urine and let it stand twenty-four hours; a sediment or settling indicates a diseased condition of the kidneys. When urine stains linen it is positive evidence of kidney trouble. The frequent desire to urinate or pain in the back, is also convincing proof that the kidneys and bladder are out of order.

WHAT TO DO.

There is comfort in the knowledge so often expressed, that Dr. Kilmer's Swamp Root, the great kidney remedy fulfills every wish in relieving pain in the back, kidneys, liver, bladder and every part of the urinary passages. It corrects inability to hold urine and scalding pain in passing it, or bad effects following use of liquor, wine or beer, and overcomes that unpleasant necessity of being compelled to get up many times during the night to urinate. The mild and the extraordinary effect of Swamp-Root is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases. If you need a medicine you should have the best. Sold by druggists price fifty cents and one dollar. For a sample bottle and pamphlet, both sent free by mail, mention THE COLUMBIAN and send your full post-office address to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. 1-21-1 yr.

Mother Gray's Sweet Worm Powders, Successfully used by Mother Gray, for years a nurse in the Children's Home in New York, cure sickly children. At all druggists. 25c. Sample sent FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y. 2-4-8t d.

Do You Dance To-Night? Shake into your Shoes Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder that makes tight or new shoes easy. Cures Corns, Chilblains and Sweating Feet. At druggists and Shoe Stores 25c. Sample FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y. 2-4-8t.d.

HARRISBURG LETTER.

Probability of a Record Breaking Legislative Session.

SOME IMPORTANT NEW MEASURES.

One of These Proposes to Permit Grape Growers to Manufacture and Sell Wine. The Heavy Damands of the Norristown Insane Asylum.

(Special Correspondence.)

Harrisburg, Feb. 8.—The destruction of the state capitol buildings by fire on Tuesday of last week put a stop to state business. A vigorous and virile pretense of carrying on legislation as though there had been no break, was made by both branches. Bills were read in place and reported out of committee, but there were no committee meetings, no pretensions to continuous and successful effort. The fire, the future, the multitudinous uncertainties connected with the remarkable contingency of the week alone absorbed attention.

The legislators came together again this evening at Grace Methodist church, but will adjourn on Thursday until the Monday following the spring elections. During the recess the proposed changes in the church, the solons' temporary home, will be completed, and both bodies will continue their sessions without further interruptions. Neither house will do much, however, until after the inauguration of President-elect McKinley. The work of the committees has been retarded by the loss of many bills in the burning of the capitol building.

It is already a foregone conclusion that the present session will establish a record for length, although it is hinted that Senator Quay is desirous of shortening up its laborers as quickly as possible. But the delays incident to the catastrophe are of such a character that the session cannot help but be protracted beyond the ordinary length, unless important legislation is neglected and the screws of dominant power be put on with their greatest tension.

Talk of an Excise Commission.

The liquor men of the state need to keep their eyes open for legislation that will seriously affect them. Indisputable authority says some radical measures in this line are to be introduced. There is strong talk in certain circles that an excise commission for the state would be an improvement upon the present method of issuing licenses by the courts. That there may be no uncertainity as to how the judiciary views the subject, it is broadly intimated that letters from a number of the occupants of the bench in the state will be presented, favoring this change in the established law when it is brought forth.

The power of an excise commission in the hands of a dominant faction in Pennsylvania politics would be a greater lever than has ever been exercised, even in the control and manipulation of the state treasury. In the hands of designing and unscrupulous men it would be made a sword of Damocles to hang ever over the head of every wholesale and retail liquor dealer in the state, as well as the great brewers and bottlers of the commonwealth.

The laborers and skilled workmen of the state received their due share of attention the past week, despite the excitement of the times. Representative Muehlbronner, of Allegheny, who represents the district in which the Western penitentiary is located, is the author of a bill which proposes to curtail prison industry in favor of honest outside labor. His bill, which has for its object a limitation of the number of inmates of prisons, penitentiaries, state reformatories, and other penal institutions, who shall be employed in the manufacture of goods therein and prohibiting the use of machinery in the manufacture of said goods, has provided that not more than 5 per cent. of the whole number of inmates in any prison or penitentiary shall be employed in the manufacture of any one kind of goods that are manufactured elsewhere in the state. The bill also prohibits the use of any machines, except those operated by hand or foot-power, in the manufacture of these goods. A violation of the act is deemed a misdemeanor, punishable with a fine not exceeding $1,000 or an imprisonment not exceeding one year.

Citizens Only on Public Works.

John R. Farr, of Lackawanna, who is regarded as the father of educational and labor legislation (the latter in so far as it relates to American citizens), introduced a bill which provides that hereafter none but American citizens shall be employed upon any work by the state or by any municipal corporation. Mr. Farr's bill also designates eight hours as a legal day's work. Although eight hours, under this bill, shall constitute a legal day's labor, it is provided that the workingmen shall receive the full wages paid throughout the city and state. It prohibits the employment, absolutely, of aliens and provides for the removal from office of any offending official. Not only this, but an additional fine of not less than $200 or more than $100 shall be imposed upon the guilty official.

Every farmer throughout the state is interested in a bill presented by Colonel E. P. Gould, of Erie. Colonel Gould comes from a grape growing district. His constituents are noted for the quality and quantity of their Concord grapes. His bill is intended to permit growers of grapes to manufacture wine from grapes of their own raising which are not first class or marketable, and sell said wine to licensed dealers, without taking out or paying a license. The bill is a radical change in the law of 1891. Under this new act it is proposed to permit growers of grapes to manufacture wine from grapes of their own raising which are not marketable, and sell such wine in quantities of not less than one quart without taking out a license, provided that such wine is not drank upon the premises where sold. In other words, any raiser of grapes can make his own wine and retail it by the quart to his neighbors, provided the wine is not drank on the premises.

Norristown Asylum's Many Wants.

In view of the recent scandal at Norristown, growing out of the mysterious death of the insane convict McCue, the requests of that institution for state aid at this time are peculiarly interesting. The more or less doubtful transactions uncovered by the Gobin investigation of two years ago are called to mind in one item in the demand of the trustees for $115,000 for the extension of the hospital plant and accessories. Blenheim palace, with all its superb appointments and lavish display, so far as known, never expended the munificent sum of $10,000 for the building of a pigsty and a hen house. And yet that is the modest sum asked for by the Norristown hospital, so that its pigs and chickens may be properly cared for during the inclemency of winter and the heat of summer.

There are other striking calls made upon the diminishing revenues of the state by this institution which are just as interesting and peculiar. Thus, the sum of $3,000 is asked for fruit and shade trees, vases and fountains. Whole farms of fruit and shade trades can be purchased for this sum in rural Pennsylvania. Then there is the demand for $10,000 for a refrigerator and ice plant. The items in detail are as follows:

For the extension of the Waring sewage system, the sum of $5,000, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

For the equipping and the completion of the water plant the sum of $30,000, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

For two additional ward buildings, in lieu of present frame barracks, the sum of $50,000, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

For rebuilding the piggery and hennery, the sum of $10,000, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

For fruit and shade trees, shrubbery, vases and fountains, the sum of $3,000, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

For erection of barn for hospital proper, the sum of $7,000, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

For refrigerating and ice plant, the sum of $10,000, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

That the above items will attract unusual attention from the legislators who are pledged to economy and reform goes without saying.

The Talk of Capital Removal.

The proposed removal of the capital from Harrisburg to Pittsburg has had the effect of stirring up the sluggish current of Harrisburg life as it has never been stirred up before. A paid fire department is a certainty. Not only has the volunteer fire department been notoriously inefficient, but the supply of hose has never been adequate to the demands of the city. Chief Gaverich, of the fire department, can give testimony to this fact. A proposition to remove the capital would never have an instant's standing if the advancement of Harrisburg in municipal ranks had been left in the hands of such men as the chief magistrate and the chief of the fire department.

Lieutenant Governor Walter Lyon is working up sentiment regarding the proposed move of the capital to Philadelphia. He said to a reporter: "If the state capitol were located in Philadelphia it would be conveniently reached by many more people than it is at present, and for that reason I believe that if put to a vote of the people it would carry."

A great deal of adverse comment upon Harrisburg as a state capital has been largely due to the fact that members of the legislature and state officials have been regarded during the past twenty years as "outside barbarians" who are tolerated simply because of the revenue that they bring to the city. There is not a liberal instinct or a social qualification to recommend Harrisburg to anybody in the commonwealth as a state capital. Harrisburg apparently regards state officials, legislators and everybody having business within her borders as individuals who apparently are to be "worked to the limit."

Mr. Wanamaker's Suggestion.

The Hon. John Wanamaker, in a communication to a representative of Harrisburg, suggests a possible solution to the vexed question of the rebuilding of the Capitol in this city. The ex-postmaster general says:

"An evidence of Harrisburg's good faith might be permanently demonstrated by her insuring the new Capitol building. A paid fire department will be, of course, regarded as an evidence of good faith on the part of her citizens; but if she wishes to impress upon the rest of the state her appreciation of the honor conferred upon her by the erection of the new state Capitol in her midst, it can be most effectually done by her city officials guaranteeing the payment of the premium upon the utmost limit of insurance that can be placed upon the proposed new Capitol."

The great event of the week is the Tuesday evening reception to the members of the legislature, a feature of the reception being the presence in the receiving line of three visiting state executives. They are Governor Griggs of New Jersey, Lowndes of Maryland and Tunnell of Delaware, as well as Lieutenant Governor and Mrs. Lyon, President Pro Tem. and Mrs. McCarrell and Speaker Boyer.

Chairman George Kunkel, of the house judiciary general committee, has prepared a bill making the wife a competent witness against the husband in actions for alienating the wife's affections and in cases for action for assault and battery.

Senator Walter Merrick, of Tioga county, has drafted an important piece of legislation which he offered when the senate reconvened this morning. It is an act to provide that when evidence shows conclusively by the certificate of a reputable physician or the superintendent of a state insane hospital that a man or woman is a hopeless lunatic, this shall be sufficient grounds for divorce.

Senator Walton's Taxation Scheme.

Senator Walton, of Greene county, has worked out a bill to reduce tax on real estate by making properties now taxable only for state purposes subject to local taxation, except school buildings. He has also prepared an act changing the system of paying the officials of Greene county. The senator's scheme is to pay them a fixed salary, with a reasonable sum for expenses, and require the fees of office to be covered into the county treasury.

The rural members are quietly organizing to prevent the proposed reduction in the school appropriation. An informal meeting will be held during the week to outline a plan of action. William C. Smith, of Bedford, who led the fight in the house two years ago for a change in the system of distributing the school fund, is a leading spirit in the movement. He will not agree to any bill which gives less than $5,500,000 to the schools. The countrymen will also try to pass an act giving $200,000 for township high schools.

"There should be no thought of spending millions of dollars for a new Capitol," said Mr. Smith, "a half million erected the large executive and library building, and that sum ought to be sufficient for a new state house. To rob the people in these hard times to build a gorgeous state house would be a crime that will not be excused by the voters."

THE BROADWAY

Familiar Staples at Strange Figures.

We have received a large stock of China, Glassware and Queensware, plain and decorated, and in a great variety of styles and shapes.

Aside from the attractiveness of the items themselves, the prices at which they are marked are sufficient guarantee of a rapid sale. Positively lower than they have ever been sold in the county. Call to see them.

A big opportunity for hotel and restaurant people, as well as housekeepers. Also special prices on Linens, Bedding, Tinware, Enameled Steel Kitchenware and Housefurnishing Goods, Tinware, Enameled Steel Kitchenware and Housefurnishing Goods.

Read the list, mark the items that interest you, then bring the advertisement with you to the store, and compare the printed statement with the goods offered for sale.

Act Quickly!

BEST WHITE GRANITE DISHES.

Bakers or vegetable dishes, 6, 8, 10 to 25c. each.

Bowls, 1 pint, 6c., 1½ pint, 7c., 2 pints, 9c. each.

Footed oyster bowls, 7c. each.

Covered butter dishes, loose drainers, 32c. each.

Uncovered chambers, 29c. each.

Covered chambers, 42c. each.

Meat platters, all sizes, 5, 8, 10 to 75c. each.

Large wash bowls and pitchers, 69c set.

Glassware.

The finest stock of big values in table glassware we have ever shown.

Seven-inch oblong dishes. Very useful.

Seven-inch plates, a most attractive pattern.

Flanged foot tumblers, brilliant.

Seven-inch oval dishes. Very useful.

Deep, round dishes, 5¼ inches.

Tankered cream pitchers, high shape.

High-footed jellies, a regular 10c. item. All the above and more at the low price of **5c. each.**

Half-gallon pitchers, extra large, 9¾ inch deep. Footed dishes, 4½ inches deep. 10½ inch round bread plates. 10½ inch celery dishes, with bent sides. Flower vases, 8 inches high, cut glass pattern. Handled vinegar cruets, with stopper. Footed sugar bowls, with cover. Two-bottle casters, for salt and pepper. All of the above and many others, at the very low price of **10c. each.**

Yellow and Rockingham Kitchenware.

We are offering a splendid line of first class kitchen utensils, comprising milk bailers, nappies, bowls, bakers, pie plates, pitchers, milk pans, teapots, &c., all perfect goods, at from 5c. to 25c. You all need them. Now is your chance to buy them right.

This list does not represent one tenth of the articles on sale; it is impossible to enumerate every item in this space, but you can see them when you come to the store. Every article to be satisfactory or money refunded.

Agency for Butterick's Patterns.

Respectfully Submitted to the Cash Trade Only by

THE BROADWAY CASH STORE,

Moyer's New Building, Main Street,

BLOOMSBURG.

JONAS LONG'S SONS' WEEKLY CHATS.

WILKES-BARRE, PA.,

February 11th, 1897.

Grand Exposition and Sale of Imported and Domestic Wash Fabrics.

The excellence of our Wash Fabrics will be clearly demonstrated at the great exhibition and sale that takes place this week. Every detail has been carefully matched in the selection of the most perfect line of goods and correctness of designs and colorings is assured.

Having laid an import order some months ago; these fabrics were woven under our personal direction, with as much thought and care as is usually given to the manufacture of the choicest and most delicate fabrics.

All the patterns are new and most of them are entirely exclusive. We would be pleased to have you visit this magnificent display which will take up almost the entire second floor; some of the prettiest fabrics are the Aberfoyle Tissues.

Aberfoyle Silk and Linen Tissues.

Aberfoyle Finest Zephyr Ginghams.

Bishop Lawn Lace Insertion

Cordonet Impruni.

Chatillion Stripes.

Defiance Madras.

Lappet Stripes.

Etamine Royale.

Fieulaine.

Grampian Cloth.

India Foulard Silk.

Irish Flaxonette.

Jaconet Duchess.

Jacquard Swiss.

Javan Madras.

Organdie Alixe.

Pompadour Lace Lawn.

Spider Cloth.

Standard Madras.

Spanish Leno.

Tissue Mozambique.

Organdi Sublime.

Organdi Rayee.

IMPORTED ORGANDIES.

Our Imported Organdies are perfect gems of design and color harmony and stand without a rival in the city.

OUR OWN NEW YORK FIRM-

WATERMAN, HELLER, & LONG, send us a splendid line of Wash Goods of their own manufacture, which we place in this great opening exhibition; to sell at factory prices, they consist of Rosemary Organdies, a rich and graceful fabric combining all the beauties of rich artistic colorings. Sold at the factory price per yard 10c.

40 inch Imperial Jaconets, a leading highly finished wash fabric in every shading of color and pattern design, to be sold at the factory price per yard 12½c.

40 inch Imperial Organdies, designs especially drawn for our New York Firm, equal in every respect to the daintiest imported fabric, sold at the factory price per yard 15c.

Dimities in a beautiful range of patterns, many new and novel effects form the combination, they carry a richness of tone that cannot be surpassed in the higher priced goods, price should be 25c, we sell them at the factory price per yard 19c.

Samples mailed on application.

NOTE—Although the stock is an extensive one, the quality, designs and low price of these goods will make them rapid sellers. We therefore advise promptness in ordering.

Respectfully,

Jonas Long's Sons

Cor. W. Market and Public Square

STATEMENT OF FINANCES OF COLUMBIA COUNTY

FROM JANUARY 1, 1896, TO JANUARY 4, 1897.

DISTRICTS.	TAXES ASSESSED 1896.			STILL DUE 1896.			COUNTY, 1896.		DOG, 1896.		STATE, 1896.		COUNTY, 1895.			DOG, 1895.		State, 1895.	COUNTY, 1894.		DOG, 1894.	State, 1894.	County, 1893.	DOG, 1893.	State, 1893.	DOG, 1889.
	County.	Dog.	State.	County.	Dog.	State.	Com.	Dis.	Com.	Dis.	Com.	Dis.	Com.	Exon.	Returns	Com.	Exon.		Com.	Exon.	Returns	Ex.	Ex.	Ex.	Ex.	Ex.	Ex.
Beaver	$ 691 69	$ 32 00	$ 34 22	$ 466 06	$ 40 50	$ 19 81	$ 11 43	.....	$ 58	.....	$ 78	.....	.....	$ 13 57	31 67	.....	$ 1 00	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Benton Boro	319 20	10 70	46 30	81 85	4 51	2 68	7 67	9 74	17	20	1 19	1 81	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Benton Twp	572 60	61 00	39 70	252 60	35 00	.....	10 37	11 00	90	80	1 33	1 99	.....	7 80	25	.....	3 00	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Berwick	2253 03	48 00	430 65	411 65	26 00	85 56	39 80	84 15	69	97	10 12	16 59	10 37	15 29	3 25	45	4 00	1	.....	.....	.....	.....	47 32	7 50	102 44	.....	.....
Bloom	5788 86	130 50	1005 46	2744 17	103 50	320 76	70 56	129 63	82	85	28 82	61 96	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	...	5 67	21 08	39 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Briarcreek	1172 78	29 00	306 69	142 35	12 00	11 69	36 22	24 21	38	85	8 41	14 75	18 75	5 86	99	2 50	3 00	50	14 25	.....	3 50	3 20	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Catawissa Twp	387 47	38 50	26 08	4 47	27 50	20 08	15 22	9 18	31	85	17	80	.....	4 45	16	.....	2 50	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Catawissa Bor.	1327 76	50 50	478 94	295 42	21 30	60 43	29 43	41 44	1 00	75	8 06	19 98	16 31	30 81	1 43	75	9 00	90	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	10 00
Centralia	941 27	21 00	431 08	299 17	21 00	431 08	.....	30 06	.....	.....	.....	.....	7 88	.....	.....	.....	.....	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Centre	1518 99	59 50	152 17	698 99	19 50	12 17	15 80	41 00	1 14	2 00	2 19	7 00	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Cleveland	608 78	65 50	104 14	212 89	34 00	14 91	14 89	11 39	1 19	90	2 77	3 93	.....	1 41	4 40	.....	1 00	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Conyngham	1918 99	32 50	19 00	312 50	32 50	19 00	35 44	71 05	.....	.....	.....	.....	1 35	.....	.....	.....	.....	...	12 21	53 74	9 50	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Fishingcreek	1079 32	73 00	89 30	499 32	33 00	.....	20 63	13 50	1 87	1 00	2 91	3 92	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Franklin	515 47	46 50	59 49	5 50	16 50	.. ..	15 40	25 68	86	1 50	1 14	2 00	.....	1 05	.....	.....	.....	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Greenwood	999 87	67 00	130 93	401 61	41 98	22 90	18 98	20 42	89	82	2 79	4 90	.....	5 96	1 29	.....	5 50	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Hemlock	981 38	75 00	82 58	319 85	38 50	3 40	22 05	23 34	1 30	1 23	1 84	3 36	.....	6 93	4 13	.....	4 00	..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Jackson	996 80	39 50	66 82	115 89	33 50	7 81	7 11	3 79	17	30	1 18	3 95	.....	2 80	32	.....	50	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Locust	814 33	66 00	230 70	204 11	36 32	4 72	21 78	19 82	95	1 28	2 61	8 71	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Madison	1023 59	74 50	110 40	374 51	44 00	11 01	19 30	21 23	1 15	88	2 88	4 97	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Main	595 79	40 50	128 62	266 15	22 00	18 20	10 58	13 76	58	70	2 06	5 49	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	...	1 99	1 05	2 50	2 40	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Mifflin	872 42	80 50	108 39	367 23	48 00	11 59	20 18	18 78	1 27	1 68	2 88	4 63	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	...	4 55	5 42	1 00	14 40	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Millville	549 44	8 00	390 34	58 56	4 50	49	9 54	11 04	18	.....	10 97	18 81	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Montour	785 68	15 50	65 72	317 49	8 49	2 60	15 21	19 18	26	23	1 50	3 16	9 44	.....	.....	45	.....	0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Mt. Pleasant	594 84	57 50	63 98	165 33	23 50	6 92	15 83	13 86	1 16	93	1 71	2 65	.....	1 50	33	.....	.....	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Orange	915 38	48 50	267 40	170 37	21 00	15 62	24 70	29 20	1 02	83	6 66	12 01	.....	2 34	2 84	.....	9 00	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Pine	397 46	43 50	38 44	113 69	24 00	24 56	11 49	6 29	21	38	80	69	5 03	.....	.....	35	.....	4	7 47	22 34	11 35	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Roaringcreek	410 33	34 00	111 76	146 75	14 00	.....	10 23	6 93	78	43	3 78	5 16	.....	1 52	.....	.....	.....	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Scott	1278 12	64 00	319 32	394 52	40 50	37 51	30 49	31 39	80	88	8 45	12 72	.....	19 31	6 24	.....	3 50	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Sugarloaf	478 51	82 50	19 06	223 46	70 65	12 56	9 09	7 46	34	58	1 19	31	.....	3 42	4 82	.....	1 50	...	8 89	52	4 50	.....	19 18	7 62	.....	.....	.....
		$ 1505 00		$ 9936 11		$ 1178 06		$747 89		$ 21 05		$294 40	$ 78 99	$198 70		$ 65 03	$4 50		$ 49 50	$2 00		$106 06		$ 20 00		$ 15 12		$ 10 00
	$2801 64		$ 5947 77		$ 912 24		$569 79		$ 20 23		$125 53								$ 49 50		$ 68 35		$ 66 50		$102 44		

AMOUNTS DUE FROM COLLECTORS PREVIOUS TO 1896.

DISTRICT.	YEAR.	COLLECTORS.	COUNTY.	DOG.	STATE
Benton Boro	1895	D. J. Lewis	$ 9 97	$ 10 00	$ 2 54
Bloom	1895	J. K. Rittenbender	1389 38	120 50	73 57
Catawissa Boro	1895	P. R. Baldy	1 00		
Centralia	1895	W. E. Davis	322 92	25 00	141 94
Centre	1895	W. E. Creasy	228 68	28 00	3 67
Conyngham	1895	Jacob Benner	213 42	31 50	93
Fishingcreek	1895	O. J. Hess	236 41	10 00	
Locust	1895	E. H. Whitner	73 92	16 41	2 82
Madison	1895	G. W. Ande, D. N. Williams	199 01	26 62	20 57
Main	1895	A. W. Shuman	190 59	22 00	19 68
Mifflin	1895	W. B. Goodheart	88 71	20 50	25
Montour	1895	James Quick	179 45	11 00	4 26
Mt. Pleasant	1895	F. P. Davis	1 00		
Orange	1895	Perry DeLong	25 00	3 00	
Pine	1895	R. M. Potter	8 57	5 50	13 25
Locust	1894	E. H. Whitner	48 06	6 40	
Madison	1894	Geo. W. Ande	62 02	38 00	12 77
Beaver	1893	Simon Rittenhouse		4 61	2 54
Bloom	1893	M. C. Woodward	1355 16	62 50	393 88
Conyngham	1893		318 02	38 00	
Conyngham	1892	Chas. Welderman	127 15	34 50	6 80
Millville	1892	W. B. Geaman	9 11	2 50	8 78
Centralia	1891	Thos. Liddicoat	18 00		
Conyngham	1890	W. H. Reinbold	34 34	34 70	1 18
			$ 5134 89	$ 570 24	$ 709 10

LICENSE ACCOUNT.

DISTRICTS.	70% TOWNSHIP SHARE.	TREAS. COM.	COUNTY SHARE.	WHO DREW TOWNSHIP SHARE.
Beaver	$ 57 00	$ 3 00	$ 15 00	Hiram Eckroat.
Benton Boro	342 00	18 00	90 00	W. H. Magill, Att'y.
Berwick Boro. Hotels	342 00	18 00	90 00	First National Bank of Berwick.
Berwick Boro. Restaurants	342 00	18 00	90 00	First National Bank of Berwick.
Bloom Hotels	684 00	36 00	180 00	J. H. Maize and A. N. Yost.
Bloom Restaurants	684 00	36 00	180 00	J. H. Maize and A. N. Yost.
Briarcreek Hotel	57 00	3 00	15 00	Adam Sult.
Catawissa Boro. Hotels	342 00	18 00	90 00	C. E. Geyer, Att'y.
Catawissa " Restaurants	228 00	12 00	60 00	C. E. Geyer, Att'y.
Catawissa twp. Hotels	114 00	6 00	30 00	John Huber and Wm. Levan.
Centralia Boro. Hotels	912 00	48 00	240 00	Geo. W. Davis, Treas.
Centralia Boro. Restaurants	1026 00	54 00	270 00	Geo. W. Davis, Treas.
Conyngham twp. Hotels	228 00	12 00	60 00	W. A. Marr, Att'y.
Conyngham " Restaurants	171 00	9 00	45 00	W. A. Marr, Att'y.
Greenwood Hotel	171 00	9 00	45 00	S. A. Miller.
Hemlock	57 00	3 00	15 00	Wm. A. Miller.
Locust	114 00	6 00	30 00	John Bittner.
Madison	114 00	6 00	30 00	Elias Hendershott.
Main	114 00	6 00	30 00	J. C. Shuman.
Mifflin	114 00	6 00	30 00	W. P. Hetler and H. D. Miller.
Montour	57 00	3 00	15 00	Michael Rauch.
Orange	114 00	6 00	30 00	I. J. Neyhard.
Pine	57 00	3 00	15 00	G. H. Gordner.
Scott	114 00	6 00	30 00	M. M. Hicks
Sugarloaf	228 00	12 00	60 00	J. B. Davis and Gearhart Hess.
Sugarloaf Restaurants	171 00	9 00	45 00	J. B. Davis and Gearhart Hess.
	$6954 00	$ 366 00	*$1830 00	

*Commission on County share of license subject to the final decision of an appeal now pending

J. R. FOWLER, County Treasurer, in account with Columbia County.

Jan. 4, 1897. DR.

To amt of county tax on dup. of 1896	$18550 85	
To amt of dog tax on dup. of 1896	551 48	
To amt of state tax on dup. of 1896	4420 05	$23522 38
To amt of county tax on dup. prior to 1896	$8853 79	
To amt on dog tax on dup. prior to 1896	791 80	
To amt on State tax on dup. prior to 1896	313 46	$ 9959 05
		33181 43
To total amt received on dups.		
To amt rec'd from seat'd lands	$1795 28	
To amt received from unseated lands	2302 75	4098 03
To amt rec'd from Silas Getz, et.al. for redemption money	216 55	216 55
To amt rec'd from H. F. Everitt refunded road view expenses	21 40	
To amt rec'd from S. C. Creasy town order	14 45	
To amt received Philip Sidler, Com. costs refunded	41 02	
To amt from O. D. McHenry, Com's land sale	85 50	
To amt rec'd from G. W. Koons Com's land sale	11 00	
To amt rec'd from E.M. Tewksbury, Com's land sale	59 48	
To amt rec'd from Geo. E. Elwell, committee, support of Margaret Weaver	68 75	
To amt rec'd from L. S. Wintersteen. Com's land sale	22 63	
To amt rec'd from Treasurer of Northumberland county, repairs Joint bridge 1895	6 50	
To amt rec'd from Com's of Northumberland Co., repairs Joint bridge 1896	21 98	
To amt rec'd from Jacob Rhoads, old files Reg. office	80	
To amt rec'd from J. W. Kreamer, old files, Reg. office	45	
To amt rec'd from O. B. Mellick, old files Reg. office	3 75	
To amt rec'd from Overseer of Poor, Danville, support of Geo. Wise, Danville Asylum	185 25	
To amt rec'd from Howard Grimes, et. al., Catawissa bridge wreckage	44 00	
To amt rec'd from Wellington Yeager, Catawissa bridge wreckage	55 00	
To amt rec'd from W. H. Vastine, Cata. bridge wreckage	29 00	
To amt rec'd from Thomas E. Harder, Catawissa bridge wreckage	40 00	
To amt rec'd from Clark F. Harder, Catawissa bridge wreckage	31 00	
To amt rec'd from W.G. Yetter, refunded road view expense	1 95	
To amt rec'd from Stephen Smith, refunded pay Feb'y election, 1896	1 00	
To amt rec'd from W. H. Utt, refunded mileage 1895	28 54	
To amt rec'd from J. G. Swank refunded mileage 1895	45 92	
To amt retained from Commonwealth overpaid on Co. indebtedness	234 50	$ 1058 87
To amt rec'd from Commonwealth personal tax for 1895	4388 89	
To amt rec'd from Commonwealth personal tax 1896	4396 71	$ 8780 60
To amt rec'd from hotel and restaurant licenses	1830 00	
To bal on hand from last settlement	13161 83	14991 83
		$ 62322 30

CR.

By amt paid Commonwealth State personal tax for 1896	5862 28	
By Treasurer's commission	59 22	5921 50
To amt sheep orders redeemed	273 50	
By Treasurer's commission	10 94	284 41
By county orders redeemed, less order No. 151 for $622. No commission on this order	622 00	
$3613 14—$622 00	32991 44	
By com to Treasurer at 4 per cent	1319 65	34933 09
By amt West creek bridge, Benton	525 00	
By amt Ash bridge, Fishingc'k	525 00	
By amt Ezra Thomas bridge, Pine	900 00	
By amt Smith bridge, Madison	400 00	
By Treas. com. at 1½ per cent	35 25	2385 25
By amt new files Reg. office	2231 58	
By Treas. com. at 1½ per cent	33 47	2265 05
By amt County Supt. bill	200 00	
By Treas. com. at 4 per cent	8 00	208 00
By amt. county bonds redeemed	1800 00	
By Treas. commission @ 1½ per cent	117 00	$ 7917 00
By amt. coupons redeemed	6248 10	
By Treas. commission @ 1½ per cent	93 72	$ 6341 82
By amt. paid D. R. Coffman, court crier, for which no order was obtained from the commissioners	120 00	
By Treas. commission	4 80	$ 124 80
By amt. paid M. E. Cox et. al. tip staves, for which no order was obtained from the commissioners	177 50	
By Treas. commission	7 08	$ 184 58
By amt. paid C. B. Ent for moving the records from old files to the new, for which no order was obtained from the commissioners	20 00	
By Treas. commission	80	$ 20 80
By balance in hands J. R. Fowler, ex-Treasurer		$ 1736 02
		$62322 30

DR.

To balance in hands J. R. Fowler, ex-Treasurer	$ 1736 02

J. R. FOWLER, Treas., in acct. with State.

Wholesale liquor, distillers, bottlers, billiard, mercantile licenses and tax on loans, county indebtedness.

DR.

To amt wh'ls'le liquor licenses	$1000 00	
" brewers and distillers	400 00	
" billiard and pool	260 00	
" bottlers licenses	600 00	
" mercantile licenses	2425 82	
" tax on Co. indebtedness	622 00	$ 5307 82

CR.

By amt. paid state wholesale liquor licenses	$ 950 00	
By amt. Treas. com	50 00	$ 1000 00
By amt. paid state brewers and distillers	380 00	
By amt. Treas. com	20 00	400 00
By amt. paid State billiard license	247 00	
By amt. Treas. com	13 00	260 00
By amt. paid State bottlers license	570 00	
By amt. Treas. com	30 00	600 00
By amt. paid State mercantile license	1874 70	
By amt. uncollectable	35 00	
By amt. advertising	232 60	
By amt. Treas. com	61 95	2174 25
By amt. paid State tax on loans	590 90	
By amt. Treas. com	31 10	
By amt. over paid the State tax on loans on portion exempt	234 50	
	856 50	$ 5299 75
To balance due commonwealth		17 07

MISCELLANEOUS PAYMENTS.

Mattie Coffman, washing towels during year	$ 8 00
United States Express Co., et al express-sage, etc	19 30
J C Brown, Prof. service in bridge estimates, etc	20 00
A C Hidlay, horse hire	2 00
J R Fowler, tax on loans, county indebtedness	622 00
J R Fowler, deeds to Commissioners	267 34
James Thompson, removing and repairing booths, Centralia 1st ward	3 00
G M Quick, recording township officers	40 80
G M Quick, reporting Judgments from Sept 1, 1895 to Dec. 31, 1896	187 60
G M Quick, recording births and deaths	86 17
G M Quick, costs as per bill rendered	356 00
G M Quick, indexing judgments from Jan. 1, 1895 to Dec 29, 1896	1050 00
G M Quick, reports to Board of Public Charities	140 00
W H Rhawn, Telegrams and expenses, Catawissa river bridge view	7 80
J B McHenry, sheriff, expenses to Pittsburg for prisoner	82 00
J B McHenry, sheriff, taking prisoners to Philadelphia	120 14
J B McHenry, sheriff, taking prisoners to Huntingdon	113 31
J B McHenry, sheriff, expenses to Huntingdon for insane prisoner	37 10
J B McHenry, costs, county auditors vs. W C Johnston	8 75
J B McHenry, reports to Board Public Charities	40 00
C B Ent, reporting mortgages, etc	52 00
C. B. Ent, acknowledging deeds for Commissioners	31 10
J. B. McHenry, taking patients to Danville asylum	11 75
C. B. Ent, moving records from old vault to new; no order was obtained from Commissioners	20 00
	$ 10 14

COURTS, JURORS' PAY, CONSTABLE'S RETURNS.

F. B. Singley, et. al., constable's returns	76 80
C. C. Ammerman, et. al., Grand Jurors during year	98 44
A. Bennett, et. al., Traverse Jurors dur-year	196 81
Newton Walker, Stenographer	383 37
M. E. Cox, et. al., tip staves	68 50
D. R. Coffman, court crier	150 00
Exchange hotel, boarding and lodging jury in Pat. Wilson case	19 50
Blue & Heddens, boarding jury Berninger case	6 50
J. B. McHenry, serving jury notices	140 10
J. B. McHenry, drawing jurors, etc	28 00
A. Herbine, jury commissioner	62 50
I. K. K. Laubach, jury commissioner	70 88
D. R. Coffman, court crier, no order was obtained from commissioners for this	20 00
M. E. Cox, et. al., tip staves, no order was obtained from the commissioners for this	77 50
	$4 70 10

COSTS IN COMMONWEALTH CASES.

G. M. Quick, prothonotary	37 40
J. B. McHenry, sheriff	95 59
T. B. Hanly, attorney	27 04
J. G. Harman, attorney	66 60
Justices, constables and witnesses	1 89 44
	$1 406 37

ROADS AND BRIDGES, VIEWERS AND ROAD DAMAGES.

Elias Cornelison, road damage, Pine	$ 5 00
D. J. Lewis, road damage, Sugarloaf	10 00
Altnas Cole, road damage, Sugarloaf	50 00
B. F. Redline, road damage, Jackson	75 00
Robert Oman, road damage, Orange	15 00
Archibald Patterson, road damage, Orange	10 00
John Folk, road damage, Orange	5 00
G.L. Johnson, road damage, Mt. Pleasant	65 00
John Fister, road damage, Mt. Pleasant	10 00
Charles Lee, road damage, Scott	25 00
Levi Mourer, road damage Cleveland	15 00
Michael Stine, road damage, Cleveland	15 00
Charles Stine, road damage, Cleveland	15 00
J. B. Marts, road damage, Briarcreek	13 00
Joseph Lamon, road damage, Briarcreek	11 50
Christian Sigmund, road damages, Cleveland	60 00
Michael Stine, road damage, Cleveland	5 00
Isaiah Rhoads, road damage, Cleveland	3 00
Sarah Girton, road damage, Pine	25 00
H. J. Kinney, road damage, Pine	20 00
Norman Bitler, road damage, Pine	15 00
J. Murray Africa, et. al. for services as viewers, witnesses, etc., in the Catawissa river bridge view	364 35
Sundry surveyors and viewers	194 00
	$ 316 15

COMMISSIONERS' OFFICE AND COURT HOUSE.

W. A. Dreisbach, auditing accounts, 1895	$ 69 18
W. M. Monroe, auditing accounts, 1895	57 86
W. F. Stohler, auditing accounts, 1895	71 40
C. M. Terwilliger, clerk for Auditors	32 00
O. B. Mellick, cement basement 17.05 Treas. office 9.60	26 65
Gorrey and Mellick, bal. contract Reg. vault	525 65
Stiffel and Freeman, metallic files, etc. Reg. vault	231 53
Samuel Wigtall, Wellsbach lights	36 50
F. E. Miller, Wellsbach lights and repairs	4 15
Bloom Steam Heat and E. L. Co., steam heat	250 00
Bloom E. L. and Power Co., light	148 75
Bloom Gas Co., gas	67 40
Bloom Water Co., water	149 96
Harman & Hassert, repairs	60
John K. Pensyl, sundries for 1895 and 1896	7 84
Jacob Keller, wrapping paper	1 68
Creasy & Wells, lumber	5 75
Wesley Mordan, work	21 40
S. H. Mordan, lumber for Treas. office	21 37
Pursel & Harman, sundries	3 70
W. A. Evert, copying Assessment and Registry books	25 25
R. H. Zarr, assisting Commissioners office with assessments and tax duplicate	58 50
C. M. Hess, copying assessment for use of townships	11 00
F. B. Ringrose, copying assessment for use of townships	13 50
C. W. Jones, copying assessment for use of townships	5 50
Charles Sterner, carpenter work	5 00
John Lewis, slating	12 60
S. F. Peacock & Co., glass, etc	63 06
Jesse Wilson, putting in glass	14 00
John G. Harman, desk for Supt. office	15 00
W. A. Holmes, plumbing	32 65
W. O. Holmes, hose pipe	12 78
Swank & Barndt, brooms	2 76
R. M. McBride, work Reg. office	1 50
A. C. Deshepperd, repairing locks, etc	7 55
Harrisburg Stencil Works, seals for Com. and Reg. office	7 53
C. W. Runyon, hardware	8 91
H. J. Clark & Son, ½ box soap	1 85
W. C. Coffman, hauling rubbish	1 00
W. M. Hartzell, hauling rubbish	50
W. F. Hartman, plumbing	31 83
C. B. Menagh, repairs, dials, tower clock	6 00
C. E. Savage, repairing clock, Com. office	1 00
Dieffenbach Bros., ice 29 weeks at 25c	7 25
W. H. Brower, matting	21 80
Nathaniel Kreischer, work Treas. office	50
J. W. Mover, seals	1 50
J. H. Maize, insurance, Court House	375 00
C. W. McKelvy, Jr., insurance Court House	375 00
J. H. Brugler, plans and specifications Reg. vault	25 00
The E. Howard Watch & Clock Co., oil for clock	62
D. R. Coffman, janitor	300 00
W. H. Rhawn, solicitor	200 00
J. G. Swank, Commissioner	1022 94
G. M. Ikeler, Commissioner	1026 54
W. H. Utt, Commissioner	1021 44
C. M. Terwilliger, clerk	900 00
	9950 03

COUNTY JAIL.

H. H. Kline, filing bed ticks	7 00
Gingles & Son, sundries	8 43
H. J. Clark & Son, blankets $4.60, ½ box soap $1.85	6 45
John W. Masteller, clothing for prisoners	1 50
F. R. Drake, hauling ashes $7.50, repairing steps $2, painting roofs jail and stable $4.50	15 00
H. W. Watts, repairing roof jail	5 95
J. W. Mordan, work	7 00
M. J. Hartzell, hauling	1 25
Swank & Barndt, brooms	2 74
Jesse Wilson, putting in glass	3 00
Creasy & Wells, lumber	21 21
F. R. Carpenter, coal	66 90
W. R. Kocher & Co., coal	5 00
H. V. White, coal	49 50
Hess Iron Mfg. Co., repairs	2 00
Bloom Gas Co., gas	8 90
Bloom Water Co., water	55 34
J. H. Mercer, medicine for prisoners	15 60
S. F. Peacock & Co., glass, etc	7 79
W. O. Holmes, plumbing	74 60
T. C. Harter, physician	24 50
John McCormick and J. Lanyon, cleaning ditch	1 50
Jones & Walter, shoes for prisoners	4 25
H. W. Sloan, Blankets	1 75
C. W. Runyon, sundries	2 37
J. B. McHenry, Sheriff, boarding to April 30	420 75
J. B. McHenry, Sheriff, washing	179 50
J. B. McHenry, Sheriff, turnkey fees	35 50
H. H. Kline, janitor	300 00
	$1493 48

PRINTING, STATIONERY AND POSTAGE.

Benton Argus, advertising and blanks	$ 6 25
Benton Argus, county statement	60 00
Benton Argus, election proclamation	65 00
	131 25
C. E. Randall, circulating county statements	6 00
C. E. Randall, tax receipts, adv. etc	21 82
C. E. Randall, election proclamation	65 00
	92 82
George E. Elwell, tax receipts, adv. etc	16 75
George E. Elwell, county statement, $60, supplements, $12.25	72 25
George E. Elwell, court calendar	28 00
George E. Elwell, election proclamation	65 00
	182 00
J. C. Brown, tax receipts, adv. &c	19 40
" " county statement	60 00
" " election proclamation	65 00
	144 40
G. A. Potter, Millville Tablet	1 00
Democratic Sentinel, adv. blanks, etc	24 00
J. W. Mayer, sundries	3 50
C. H. Dorr, tax receipts	6 00
Wm. Mann & Co., stationery	40 95
Wm. F. Murphy's Sons, stationery	8 75
W. H. Slate, stationery	7 30
B. A. Isaac, pens	1 25
J. H. Mercer, box rent, stamps, envelopes, etc	49 66
	692 88

INQUISITIONS.

Wm. Mensch, J. P., inquest on body Wm. Scott	$ 14 47
J. D. Bodine, J. P., inquest on body Geo. Kline	11 86
Philip Harris, J. P., inquest on Lizzie Schlosser	21 09
Andrew J. Lenahan, J. P., inquest on Wm. S. Hepner	72 63
John M. Clark, J. P., inquest on body Jos. Shaffer	13 62
J. D. Bodine, J. P., et al inquest on body Samuel Dakin	19 35
Guy Jacoby, J. P., et. al. inquest on body unknown	10 56
	$ 143 85

BRIDGES, BUILDING AND REPAIRS.

BEAVER.

C. W. Troy, repairs Fisher bridge	$ 5 97

BENTON BOROUGH AND TOWNSHIP.

C. B. McHenry, repairs Benton bridge	$ 55 86
G. W. Knouse, repairs Ira Thomas bridge	5 93
Benton Argus, caution notice Edson	3 50
J. D. Fullmer et. al., repairs Edson	212 39
G. B. Crossley, material Edson	7 59
The King Bridge Co., West Creek twp	525 00
James Conner, removing tree Edson	2 00
George D. Yost, blacksmith, Edson	10 48
	$822 75

BLOOM.

John Mensch, filling double track bridge	$ 75
J. S. Lazarus, repairs double bridge	1 75
Peter Jones, repairs Bloom river bridge	5 00
Harmony Bros., plank Bloom river bridge	15 29
Miles Fry, work Bloom river bridge	2 00
Ziba Barnes, work Bloom river bridge	3 25
Percival Foulk, hauling and work Bloom river bridge	3 00
Bloom Car Co., lumber Bloom river bridge	4 63
Creasy & Wells, lumber Bloom river bridge	12 40
Miles Fry, work Red Rock bridge	20 92
Samuel H. Mordan, shingles Red Rock bridge	12 00
W. L. Demaree, lumber Red Rock bridge	7 03
S. F. Peacock & Co., nails Red Rock bridge	1 67
Wm. Coffman, filling Bloom river bridge	2 00
Percival Foulk, filling Red Rock bridge	75
C. W. Runyon, bolts, etc	85
	$ 93 29

BRIARCREEK.

Gideon Michael, work Hittenhouse bridge	$ 2 50
Gideon Michael, work Fairchild bridge	2 50
G. F. Martz, repairs Conner bridge	7 00
	$ 12 00

CATAWISSA.

Miller & Cooper, work river bridge	$ 82
B. W. Fortner, work and hauling river bridge	4 20
A.